# The Columbian.

O. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1888.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XXII, NO 37
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL LII, NO 25



**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**

A. L. FRITZ
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE—Front Room, Over Postoffice.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE.—Room No. 2, COLUMBIAN building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 20th 1888, tf.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Ent's Building. BLOOMSBURG, PA

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store. BLOOMSBURG, PA

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on second floor, third room of COLUMBIAN Building, Main street, below Exchange Hotel.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Third floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Mowers' Building, 2nd floor.
may 1-tf

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN.
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
Pensions and Bounties Collected.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
(DISTRICT ATTORNEY.)
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office over Dentler's shoe store, Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr-30.86.

W. H. RHAWN.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets Catawissa, Pa.

MICHAEL F. EYERLY,
Conveyancer, Collector of Claims.
—AND—
LEGAL ADVICE IN THE SETTLEMENT OF ESTATES, &c.
Office in Dentler's building with F. P. Billmeyer, attorney-at-law, front rooms, 2nd floor Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr-9-86.

DR. HONORA A. ROBBINS.
Office and residence, West First street, Bloomsburg, Pa. novl6 81 ly.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

DR. J. C. BUTTER,
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## THE MAN IN BLACK.

Major Dalton was in trouble. He had been detailed and sent to one of the largest cities of the confederacy to superintend the manufacture of bombs and torpedoes.

Everything moved along satisfactorily until the chemist connected with the works made an experiment one day and blew himself up. The force of the explosion was so great that not a piece of the unfortunate man could be found.

"I wouldn't have minded it so much," said the major to his friend, the provost marshal, "if the fellow hadn't carried off a lot of valuable papers with him. He knew lots of chemical secrets, and he had his formulas written out, and they were in his pocket when he left."

"You might advertise," suggested the provost marshal.

"Good idea," replied the major. "I will do it."

The next morning the city papers contained a small advertisement stating that a first-class chemist could secure employment, at a good salary, at the government works.

At the time there were very few idle chemists in the confederacy, and after waiting several days the major began to think he would have to send up to Richmond for a man.

One night, when he was alone in his office, he commenced a letter to the secretary of war. He had just penned a request for the detail of an experienced expert, when he became conscious of the presence of another person in the room.

"I didn't see him, and I didn't hear him," said the major, afterward, "but I could feel my flesh crawl, and knew something was up."

The major wheeled around in his chair and saw a man standing just inside the door. The stranger was tall and thin and his black suit contrasted strangely with his pale face and white hands.

Major Dalton noted these points. In addition to his black attire, the man's hair and eyes were of the same somber shade. He even wore a black watch-chain, a pair of black-rimmed eye-glasses, and a black seal ring.

The officer gave a sharp look at his visitor's face, but its dead whiteness was as expressionless as a mask.

"Ahem!" ejaculated the major.

"I must introduce myself," said the stranger, stepping forward. "My name is Pellico. I am a chemist, and I am familiar with the manufacture of explosives. I saw your advertisement and decided to offer my services."

He spoke rapidly, in a musical voice, with a slight foreign accent.

"You are no American?" said the major.

"Italian," briefly responded the other. "I belong to a family of famous chemists, and we have served nearly every government in Europe."

Just then the major remembered that he had a sentry stationed in front of the office.

"Confound it sir!" he broke out, angrily, "how did you get in?"

"I beg your pardon," answered Pellico courteously. "When your office was pointed out to me I walked in."

"But the sentry, the guard!"

"Oh, the soldier, I simply passed him by."

"You ran a great risk of being shot," growled the major.

"Not at all; there was no danger," was the quiet reply.

Pellico's manner impressed the officer, and he asked his visitor for his credentials.

The man in black produced a letter of recommendation from a Spanish officer of high rank in Cuba.

"So you have not been long in this country!" remarked the confederate.

"Ten days. I slipped through the blockaders, landed in Florida, and then came here."

Further conversation did not cause him to say anything that was inconsistent with the first account of himself.

The interview resulted in the engagement of Pellico, and on the following morning he went to work.

From the very outset the man in black gave perfect satisfaction, but he made no friends. The men called him "Mr. Midnight," and the officers quietly agreed among themselves that he was a mystery, very useful, no doubt, but a disagreeable companion.

It did not take long to make the discovery that the Italian's bombs and torpedoes were the best that had ever been made.

One night Pellico paid another visit to the office of Maj. Dalton.

"Major," said he after some talk about powder, gun cotton, Greek fire, and other matters, "the main object of our explosives is to destroy the enemy?"

"Um! well yes, to a certain extent," replied the gallant confederate.

"What do you think then of a bomb that is capable of doing a hundredfold more damage than any now in use?"

"It would be a big thing."

"Well," continued Pellico, "I have invented it. I have a chemical compound that can be projected into the enemy's line through the medium of a shell, and when the shell bursts a deadly vapor spreads over an area of 100 yards, killing every living thing. One shell is capable of killing an entire regiment."

"Why, my God, man," exclaimed the major, "that would be murder!"

"And what is war!" asked Pellico, in his low, soft voice.

The subject did not drop there. The man in black had so much to say about his invention that the major found himself deeply interested.

"This little thing," said Pellico, exhibiting something that looked like a pill covered with tinfoil, "would kill a house ful of people."

"It is hard to believe."

"Let me convince you," urged the chemist. "If you will walk a square with me I will show you something."

The major objected but the Italian assured him that his intended victims were several hogs in the rear of the edifice.

When they reached the place they found the hogs quietly snoozing in a fence corner.

Then they retired fifty yards or so and Pillico blew his little pill through a hollow cane.

"Wait three minutes," he said.

At the expiration of the time the two approached the fence corner.

Four large hogs lay stretched on the ground. It required only a glance to see that they were all dead.

"Now," said the chemist as they walked away, "this experiment is on a very small scale but you can form an idea from what you have seen."

"It is astonishing," commenced the major.

"Nothing to what I have done," said the man in black. "In Cuba I took a sling and threw a ball of that stuff as big as my fist into a village. The next morning it was found that all the inhabitants, some 300 or 400, were dead. People outside supposed that it was some mysterious epidemic, but it was not."

Maj. Dalton drew himself aloof from his companion.

"And you killed those innocent people for nothing!" he asked indignantly.

"In the interest of science, my dear major. Besides they were native Cubans. I would not have treated genuine Spaniards that way."

The major pulled his mustache and walked on in silence for a few minutes.

"What do you propose?" he asked, after some reflection.

"My scheme is a big one," replied Pellico. "A few little pellets thrown into Libby, Salisbury, and Andersonville will rid us of all the Yankee prisoners and save our government no end of expense. Then they must use my invention in the field. The armies of Sherman and Grant will melt away before it, and a few hundred projectiles fired from long-range guns into New York will turn that metropolis into a city of the dead. What do you say?"

"Hello, corporal; come here!" yelled the major.

Several soldiers ran to the spot in a hurry.

"Seize him!" shouted the officer, "and take him to the guard-house. He is an enemy, a murderer, the devil himself, I believe. But hold on—search him."

"Only some papers and these pills," said the corporal.

"I'll take them," said the major. "Now hustle him off to the guard-house."

The major walked with rapid strides to the office of the commander of the post. The provost marshal was summoned as a party to the conference, and other officers were called in.

The council lasted until a very late hour. Never in their whole military experience had the officers been confronted with so serious a problem.

When they dispersed the sentinel outside heard one of them say:

"He is a monster, an enemy to the whole human race. We cannot accept his aid, and if we let him go, he may at any time turn against us and against our people."

"There is but one thing to do," said the major.

The next day the man in black was found dead on the floor of the guard-house. By his side lay a shred of tin foil.

"I searched him," said the corporal, "and took all those shiny pills away from him. How did that get there I wonder, and what in the mischief is it, anyhow?"

The commander of the post, the provost-marshall and Maj. Dalton showed little surprise when they heard of Pellico's death. The corporal, however, heard the provost-marshal speak in an undertone to the major.

"What did you do with the other pellets?" he said.

"I rode out to the river and threw them in," answered the major.

"All right," responded the marshal. "This has been a strange piece of business from first to last, but I don't think that our consciences will ever hurt us for our part in it.

Long years afterward a gray-haired confederate veteran mentioned some of the facts of the case to a circle of interested listeners.

"I have always thought that he was the devil," replied the veteran.

"Did the major really kill him?" inquired a lady.

The veteran shut one eye and twisted his mustache.

"We had better not talk about that," he said. "But you may rest assured that if he did kill the wretch he has never regretted it."—*Atlanta Constitution.*

## Over 800 Lives Were Lost.

THOUSAND RENDERED HOMELESS BY THE TERRIBLE HURRICANE IN CUBA.

HAVANA, Sept. 13.—In Caibarien the damage done to property by the recent cyclone is enormous. The total number of lives lost in the city and its suburbs is forty-six. The lighthouse, situated on Cayo Frances, was completely demolished, and the lighthouse keeper and two other men were drowned. The situation in Vuelta Abajo is sad indeed. The tobacco crop is a total loss, and over three thousand houses, shanties and other small houses are totally destroyed. Ten thousand people are left homeless and in great misery. The greatest damage caused on the island by the storm was at Sagua and in Isabella. Over one thousand buildings were destroyed. The sea rose six feet. Many of those who escaped death from flying timbers were drowned. The loss of life in Sagua alone is over 400. A passenger train in Isabella, running thirty miles an hour, was caught by the wind. The rails were bent as if they were hairpins, the train being precipitated into a marsh which completely covered it. Seventy-two lives were lost.

In Sagua the only building standing is the residence of Domingo Madaringa on the coast at a place called Higuereta. The Spanish schooners America, Anita, Segunda, Ignacia, Esperanza and Antonia are ashore and total wrecks. In Ceiba del Agua over one hundred houses were destroyed. The damage caused by this terrible hurricane is estimated at over $10,000,000. Over eight hundred persons lost their lives. Thousands of persons are homeless and perishing from hunger. A special from Caibarien says that seventy-two bodies, victims of the late hurrrtcane, have been recovered.

LOG CABINS are neither fashionable nor in demand but they were more comfortable and more healthy than are many modern dwellings. Warner's Log Cabin Hops & Buchu is a reproduction of one of the best of the simple remedies with which Log Cabin dwellers of old days kept themselves well. Did you ever try "Tippecanoe"?


## A Gigantic Swindle.

HOW GEORGE BIDWELL FLEECED THE BANK OF ENGLAND OUT OF £1,000,000.

One of the most noticeable figures among the people who were attending the meetings of the National Prison Association was that of George Bidwell, who became notorious throughout the world fifteen years ago by planning a gigantic scheme to swindle the Bank of England. There were four men in the plot, and they got at least £1,000,000 out of the bank before the swindle was discovered.

Bidwell was arrested with his accomplices, tried, convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for life. He served fourteen years in prison, and last year he was freed on a ticket-of-leave, and came to this, his native country, where he has since resided with his family at East Hartford, Conn. Bidwell is nearly sixty years old. He has a strong and attractive face. His head is quite thickly sprinkled with gray hairs and has a suspicion of thinness on the top. He wears a closely-cropped black mustache. A high forehead, prominent features, and a massive jaw and chin go to make up a decidedly interesting face, and one which is all the more interesting when one thinks that behind that brow throbs the brain that planned what was probably the greatest fraud in the annals of crime.

When one looks at the man as he is now, and at his picture taken in Paris in 1872, before the inception of the fraud which has made him famous, the terrible change wrought in him gives an inkling of the mental and bodily torment he was compelled to undergo during his fourteen years inside the prison walls. For five years he saw neither sun, moon nor star, but was in solitary confinement, and for six months wore sixteen-pound chains for an attempt to escape.

To a reporter Bidwell said: "After a long course of fraud and crime in this country I found myself in England with three accomplices, and by accident we discovered an unguarded loophole in the business transactions of the Bank of England, and I concocted a scheme to take advantage of this to swindle them to the best of our ability. You see, this bank was in the habit of receiving bills of exchange in deposit on account without verifying either the signatures or the acceptances, and stowing them away until they became due. We took advantage of an account we had opened under an assumed name with the bank some time previous, got a lot of bills of exchange printed on counterfeit plates, and flooded the Bank of England with these bills from all over the world profusely signed and accepted, and the bank unhesitatingly cashed them and put the proceeds to our credit. I kept no account of the sum we got out of them, but at the trial they claimed that their loss was about £1,000,000. All went well until we were about to make a last move and leave the country when, unfortunately, I neglected to date the acceptance of two of the fraudulent bills. These were sent to the acceptors for the ommission to be supplied, and of course were at once pronounced fraudulent.

"Immediately the whole police and detective force was put on our track. The wires flashed a reward for our capture to all parts of the kingdom, and every seaport was guarded to prevent our escape. I was the last one captured. I was chased through England, Ireland and Scotland for days, and I threw the detectives off the track again and again by shrewd devices. After some weeks I was captured in Edinburgh.

"After the trial, in which the bank officials attempted to show that the whole affair was the result of a plot carefully conceived and matured for a year or more, we were sentenced for life, and after serving fourteen years' time I am now a free man, through the exertions of my people in this country and England, while my three confederates are still in confinement. Austin, my brother, is still at Chatham, Edwin Hills at Portsmouth and George McDonald at Portland. My prison life was spent at Newgate, Bentonville, Dartmoor, Woking and Millbank.

"On my return to this country I was received at New York by an officer, who arrested me, but was obliged to release me by order of the court. The Bank of England people now pay detectives to dog my footsteps in this country, and my every movement is telegraphed to London. However, I am perfectly safe in this country, and am determined now, at my age, to lead an honest life."

Mr. Bidwell is a man of much native ability, speaks French and German as well as English, and has a translating knowledge of Italian, Spanish and Latin.—*Boston Letter.*

## Quite as Strange as Fiction

What a romantic story of a real treasure island is that which the *Japan Weekly Mail* reports! Two millions sterling in doubloons, with no end of jewels and plate, cached somewhere in the Pacific by a piratical English Lieutenant, who cut out the brig containing the treasure and stowed away his booty in a safe place on an unnamed island of the Marianne group. The pirates quarelled, the Lieutenant, two officers and the cabin boy fired the ship and fled in a ship's boat. One of the officers was murdered before reaching land. The cabin boy was clapped into prison as a pirate. The Lieutenant and surviving officer chartered a schooner and went off for the treasure. The officer tipped the Lieutenant over board and then, being threatened with punishment unless he revealed the place of the treasure, the solitary survivor filled his pockets with lead and iron and dropped into the sea, leaving as the only clue a handful of his hair, plucked out in an effort to save him from drowning, and a chart of the unnamed, unknown treasure island. The Spanish authorities hold the chart, the island holds the treasure, and an effort to discover it made by an English Captain who believes he has a clue to the secret has just had a mysterious termination. The Captain on landing to look for the treasure was deserted by his men, who carried off the ship. The whole story looks like a variant on Mr. Stevenson's story by some Japanese journalist or genius. But it may be true for all that, and if so we shall not have long to wait before hearing of a fresh expedition.—

## To Vote for Cleveland.

A THOUSAND IRISH-AMERICANS WHO SUPPORTED BLAINE FLOP.

If any evidence were wanted to prove that the Blaine Irish-Americans are not for Harrison it can be found in the meeting of the Irish-American Independents, held at their headquarters, 52 Union Square, New York. The president of the organization is Edward J. Rowe. He was the first Democrat who in 1884 called a meeting at Clarendon Hall to protest against the nomination of Cleveland and kept up the fight persistently to the end, organizing clubs in each of the twenty-four Assembly districts in this city and keeping the fight hot by flying visits to surrounding districts. He was the organizer and president of the Irish-American Confederation of America, and is connected with all the patriotic Irish organizations.

President Rowe presided at the meeting, which was called to indorse Cleveland. One of the speakers was Frank Byrne, who said that, notwithstanding his rabid support of Blaine in 1884, he was now a thorough, wholehearted supporter of Cleveland and Democracy.

The result of the meeting was the adoption of a series of resolutions pledging support to Cleveland. These resolutions affect about one thousand Irish Americans who voted for Blaine. They were sent to the national headquarters to-day. Some of the resolutions read thus:

*Resolved*, That as protectionists, believing that the full measure of real protection to the workingman and the greatest good to all the people can be best secured under a lower and more equal system of Custom House taxation we do most heartily indorse the plan of tariff reform contained in the Mills bill.

*Resolved*, That trusts and monopolies, fostered and encouraged by unjust State and national laws, imposing unequal tariff taxes and laying tribute on the consumers of the products controlled by them, have our most emphatic condemnation; and we demand that such laws shall be so revised as to make such iniquitous combinations impossible.

*Resolved*, That the retaliation message of President Cleveland to Congress proved him a statesman of the highest order; an American capable of sustaining his country's honor in any emergency, and deserving the respect and support of every patriotic citizen of the Republic. This much of justice we all the more cheerfully accord the President because of our steadfast opposition to his election in 1884, in the behalf that his opponent in the campaign would more earnestly sustain the national honor that has now been so splendidly vindicated and maintained by the President himself.

## At the Fair.

There is but one period of the year and but one place that a peron can see such a mixed gathering of the people, representatives of every class of society, and that is at the Annual Fair. Other meetings call together but a part; but at the fair the student of human nature and human life, and of the kind of civilization that is developed from the soil and climate of rural life, can see and study and cannot but admire the whole. The various church associations enable the student to study the official church life, the business associations enable him to study the business life, the political conventions—bringing together as they do some of the noblest men in the State, and some of the most designing and unscrupulous—enables him to study the political life, but the Fair, and that alone, enables him to study the whole life of the people. The politician is there, and may be detected at once by the shrewd observer; the business man is there with his prompt, brisk, and direct ways and is easy discernible; the preacher is there and finds it one of the best places to study human nature; the farmers are there, some intent on study, forming their ideal cow, pig, or horse, carrying in their mind's eye their stock at home and comparing what they see with what they have, others studying grains and grasses and fruits, and others still, bent on sight-seeing and pleasure, taking a day or two of well earned rest and recreation. His good wife is there also, as she ought to be, for who is more worthy of the opportunity for rest and recreation? Her sharpened eyes seeing many things her husband misses.

The sons are there, and if not, should be, seeing with the clear open vision of youth, undimmed by prejudice or tradition, many things the father cannot see or will not see, and resolving that when they come to farm for themselves the scrub must go; the daughters, too, or if not, they are not well treated, feasting their eyes with the beautiful in the animal forms, in the flowers or in paintings or embroidery, and altogether a full day at the Fair is a vision worth seeing and a treat to be desired and remembered.

With many farmers the fair is simply a great holiday recreation, giving them the opportunity to break away from the dull routine of the farm and see about them, to see their friends and acquaintances who live at a distance, and in general have a good time. There is, however, every year an increasing number, who while not forgetting the recreation, combine with it hard study. They regard the Fair as a great school in which they can study the animal forms, and by comparing this breed with that, and this herd with that, and this individual with that in each herd, form both an ideal type which they aim to realize in their own herd, and settle down on lines of breeding and methods of feeding that will enable them to realize that ideal. This is but one of the thousand things to be learned at the fair. The fair is a great object lesson, kindergarten, and college and university all in one, to the man who has "eyes to see," and "ears to hear." Therefore, go to the fair and profit by the examples that are about you in such profusion.

He was rescuing her from the billowy waves, but it looked as if they might never see Boston again. "Hold on tight." "Don't say hold on tight," gurgled the girl, with her mouth full of Atlantic ocean; "say hold on tightly."

## Gen. Harrison's Frigid Reserve.

[Mid le Bass Letter to Chicago Herald.

No one who has come in contact with him will be base enough to impute to Benjamin Harrison any of the characteristics of a "magnetic man." Personally he is a queer genius, a kind of fifteen puzzle. It can not be said that, like George F. Edmunds, the frigid zone hovers continuously about him, nor at the same time has he any of the personal inspiration that follows from contact with a Blaine, a Depew, or even a Foraker. He more resembles a clam that, while opening its shell wide enough to be able to perceive all that is going on, is quick to close it with a snap on the approach of even one of its own sentries. Almost any morning and afternoon and evening since his sojourn on the island the Fosters and Woods and Cummingses and Isherwoods and others of his personal acquaintances may have been found enjoying a social game of whist or rounce or—whisper it not in Gath—of poker in Reyberg's pavillion or the porch of the club-house. Almost every night the genial better half of the publican nominee has taken a hand in a game of seven-up or poker in the ladies' parlor of the club. But Benjamin takes no stock in any such recreation. When the laughter is loudest and the hilarity most contagious he may be seen taking a lonely stroll on the beach, hands in pockets, eyes on the ground, or seated in the library of his cottage, either gazing abstractedly into space or buried deep in newspapers. Very little of his correspondence has received attention since his arrival. He speaks when spoken to, but he doesn't invite a conversation. He will talk to Gov. Foster or Judge Scott or Mayor Hamilton for an hour in the morning and pass all three by without a look or a nod or a recognition in the afternoon. Not one out of ten of the sojourners at the club where he refreshes the inner man with regularity three times daily have exchanged a "good morning" or "good evening" with him.

## On the Country Road.

If one has a bearing apple orchard now is the time to turn the old sow and pigs in to pick up the windfalls, says the *Minnesota Farmer*. They destroy thousands of worms that would otherwise go into the ground to again come forth in a different form to propagate the species.

Prominent fruit growers find that thinned peaches are of a superior size and excellence and sell much better than the unthinned ones.

Use only perfectly seasoned grape baskets; green baskets cause mold, says one shipper.

Henry Stewart thinks quicklime is as indispensable in a dairy as ice. It is exceedingly absorbtive of moisture, taking up one third of its weight and falling slowly to a fine, dry powder, without any appearance of moisture.

It is said that land infested with cut worms may be relieved of these pests by ploughing under a crop of buckwheat.

Club root in cabbage is prevented by making the seed bed on new ground or ground not used for cabbage for several years.

Prof. A. J. Cook reports that the peach-borer has been vanquished in the peach belt of Michigan by digging out the borer in late September and early May.

Every sheep raiser makes his own luck, according to the care and attention he gives his flock, says *Rural Home*.

Overfeeding is injurious to all breeds of poultry.

Prominent commission merchants recommend that the Le Conte pears be shipped so green that they will keep two weeks and not mellow up till the retail dealer gets them.

Clean up the farm. Neglected fence corners and rubbish piles harbor insect pests, especially chinch bugs.

Let cows and calves have access to plenty of pure water and salt.

## The Law for Hunting Deer.

For the benefit of hundreds of readers of this paper who are deer hunters we publish the law on the subject passed June 27, 1883. It is the law now in force. A perusal of it will show that its provisions involve an absurdity, as the killing of deer is pemitted longer than it is permitted to be in possession. This is an oversight of the law makers, however, and we publish the law as it is, leaving the interpretation of it for the courts.

No person shall kill or pursue in any part of this State any elk or wild deer, save only from the first day of October in any year to the fifteenth day of December next following and no person shall have in his or her possession or offer for sale or transportation any elk, wild deer, antelope or fresh venison, save only from the first day of October in any year to the thirteenth day of November next following. No person shall, at any time, kill any fawn when in its spotted coat or have the fresh skin in his or her possession. No person shall pursue any elk or wild deer or fawn which has been driven thereto by dogs; any person offending against the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars for each elk, wild deer or fawn so killed, so pursued or trapped or fresh elk, wild deer, antelope or fawn skin had in his or her possession and may be proceeded against in any county of the State wherein he may be arrested having the same in his possession, and provided also that any dogs pursuing elk or wild deer or fawn may be killed by any person, and constable or other town official may kill any dog that habitually pursues elk, wild deer or fawns and the owners of such dogs shall be liable to a penalty of ten dollars for each wild deer or fawn killed by such dog.


COMPARISON SOLICITED.—A wise discrimination should be exercised by all who take medicine. The proprietors of Hood's Sarsaparilla solicit a careful comparison of this medicine with other blood purifiers and medicines, being confident that the peculiar merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla are so apparent that the people will unhesitatingly prefer it to any other prescription. Hood's Sarsaparilla is not a mixture of molasses and a few inert roots and herbs, but it is a peculiar concentrated extract of the best alterative and blood-purifying remedies of the vegetable kingdom. The enormous sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the wonderful cures effected, prove even more than has been claimed for this medicine. If you are sick the best medicine is none too good. Therefore, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.


It is a dreadful waste of cow force, says Hoard, to turn her out where she roams over several hundred acres of land. She will be doing it most all day if there is no fence to stop her, and will be sure to do it if the pasture is thin and scarce. She had better be fed what she needs on a small space, and then lie down and attend to her legitimate mission on the earth—making milk.

# The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1888.


DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GROVER CLEVELAND,
of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ALLEN G. THURMAN,
of Ohio.

The Republicans were forced to figure their majority in Maine down to 18,495 giving a Democratic gain in that state; rather a bitter pill to swallow, after the great hurrah over the 20,000 majority and the trusty Plumed Knight's "political revolution."

## CLEVELAND'S LETTER.

THE PRESIDENT BOLDLY DECLARES FOR REDUCED TARIFF TAXES.

A STRAIGHTFORWARD DELIVERANCE THAT IS OVERFLOWING WITH PATRIOTIC SENTIMENT.

CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.

True to the undeviating course of the Democratic party we will not neglect the interests of labor and our workingmen. In all efforts to remedy existing evils we will furnish no excuse for the loss of employment or the reduction of the wage of honest toil. On the contrary we propose in any adjustment of our revenue laws to concede such encouragement and advantage to the employers of domestic labor as will easily compensate for any difference that may exist between the standard of wages which should be paid to our laboring men and the rate allowed in other countries. We propose, too, by extending the markets for our manufacturers to promote the steady employment of labor, while by cheapening the cost of the necessaries of life we increase the purchasing power of the workingman's wages and add to the comforts of his home.

And, before passing from this phrase of the question, I am constrained to express the opinion that while the interests of labor should be always sedulously regarded in any mordification of our tariff laws, an additional and more direct and efficient protection to these interests would be afforded by the restriction and prohibition of the immigration and importation of laborers from other countries, who swarm upon our shores, having no purpose or intent of becoming our fellow-citizens, or acquiring any permanent interest in our country, but who crowd every field of employment with unintelligent labor at wages which ought not to satisfy those who make claim to American citizenship.

THE TRUSTS DEALT WITH.

The platform adopted by the late National Convention of our party contains the following declaration:

Judged by Democratic principles, the interests of the people are betrayed when unnecessary taxation, trusts and combines are permitted and fostered, which, while unduly enriching the few that combine, rob the body of our citizens by depriving them as purchasers of the benefits of natural competition.

Such combinations have always been condemned by the Democratic party. The declaration of the National Convention is sincerely made, and no member of our party will be found excusing the existence or belitting the pernicious results of these devices to wrong the people. Under various names they have been punished by the common laws for hundreds of years, and they have lost none of their hateful features because they have assumed the name of trusts instead of conspiracies. We believe that these trusts are the natural offspring of a market artificially restricted; that an inordinary high tariff. besides furnishing the temptation for their existence, enlarges the limit within which they may operate against the people and thus increase the extent of their power for wrongdoing. With an unalterable hatred of all such schemes, we count the checking of their baleful operations among the good results promised by revenue reform.

NO CRUSADE OF FREE TRADE.

While we cannot avoid partisan representation, our position upon the question of revenue reform should be so plainly stated as to admit of no misunderstanding. We have entered upon no crusade of free trade. The reform we seek to inaugurate is predicated upon the utmost care for established industries and enterprises, a jealous regard for the interests of American labor, and a sincere desire to relieve the country from the injustice and danger of a condition which threatens evil to all the people of the land.

We are dealing with no imaginary danger. Its existence has been repeatedly confessed by all political parties, and pledges of a remedy have been made on all sides.

Yet, when in the legislative body where under the Constitution all remedial measures applicable to this subject must originate, the Democratic majority were attempting with extreme moderation to redeem the pledge common to both parties, they were met by determined opposition and obstruction, and the minority refusing to co-operate in the House of Representatives, or propose another remedy, have remitted the redemption of their party pledge to the doubtful power of the Senate.

The people will hardly be deceived by their abandonment of the field of legislative action to meet in political convention and flippantly declare in their party platform that our conservative and careful effort to relieve the situation is destructive to the American system of protection. Nor will the people be misled by the appeal to prejudice contained in the absurd allegation that we serve the interests of Europe, while they will support the interests of America.

REPUBLICAN INSINCERITY.

They propose in their platform to thus support the interests of our country by removing the internal revenue tax from tobacco and from spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purposes. They declare also that there should be such a revision of our tariff laws as shall tend to check the importation of such articles as are produced here. Thus in proposing to increase the duties upon such articles to nearly or quite a prohibitory point they confess themselves willing to travel backward in the road of civilization and to deprive our people of the markets for their goods, which can only be gained and kept by the semblance, at least, of an interchange of business, while they abandon our consumers to the unrestrained oppresion of the domestic trusts and combinations which are in the same platform perfunctorily condemned.

They propose, further, to release entirely from import duties all articles of foreign production (except luxuries) the like of which cannot be produced in this country. The plain people of the land and the poor, who scarcely use articles of any description produced exclusively abroad and not already free, will find it difficult to discover where their interests are regarded in this proposition. They need in their homes cheaper domestic necessaries, and this seems to be entirely unprovided for in this proposed scheme to serve the country.

FREE TOBACCO AND FREE WHISKEY.

Small compensation for this neglected need is found in the further purpose here announced and covered by the declaration that if after the changes already mentioned there still remains a larger revenue than is requisite for the wants of the government the entire internal taxation should be repealed, "rather than surrender any part of our protective system."

Our people ask relief from the undue and unnecessary burden of tariff taxation now resting upon them. They are offered—free tobacco and free whisky.

They ask for bread and they are given a stone.

The implication contained in this party declaration, that desperate measures are justified or necessary to save from destruction or surrender what is termed our protective system, should confuse no one. The existence of such a system is entirely consistent with the regulation of the extent to which it should be applied and the correction of its abuses.

Of course, in a country as great as ours, with such a wonderful variety of interests, often leading in entirely different directions, it is difficult if not impossible to settle upon a perfect tariff plan. But in accomplishing the reform we have entered upon, the necessity of which is so obvious, I believe we should not be content with a reduction of revenue involving the prohibition of importations and the removal of the internal tax upon whisky. It may be better and more safely done within the lines of granting actual relief to the people in their means of living and at the same time giving an impetus to our domestic enterprises and furthering our national welfare.

If misrepresentations of our purposes and motives are to gain credence and defeat our present efforts in this direction, there seems to be no reason why every endeavor in the future to accomplish revenue reform should not be likewise attacked and with like result. And yet no thoughtful man can fail to see in the continuance of the present burdens of the people, and the abstraction by the government of the currency of the country, inevitable distress and disaster. All danger will be averted by timely action. The difficulty of applying the remedy will never be less, and the blame should not be laid at the door of the Democratic party it it is applied too late.

With firm faith in the intelligence and patriotism of our countrymen, and relying upon the conviction that misrepresentation will not influence them, prejudice will not cloud their understanding and that menance will not intimidate them, let us urge the people's interest and public duty for the vindication of our attempt to inaugurate a righteous and beneficient reform.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17, 1888.

Senatsr Vest builded better than he knew, when, in a speech in the Senate, he taunted the Republican senators into acknowledging that they had no intention of reporting a substitute for the Mills bill at the present session. It was a most humiliating and cowardly admission to make; it shows how abject the Republican Senators can be, when their master, Jim Blaine, issues his commands. Not two weeks ago, the Republican Senators, in caucus, agreed to report their tariff bill in ten days, and now Senators of such prominence as Sherman, Allison and Hiscock have to get up and acknowledge that they do not intend to report the bill at this session. It was a great triumph for Blaine, but how humiliating it must have been for the Senators. The reason which they give for not reporting the bill is perfectly absurd—the lack of time. Pray what have they been doing since last December, for it was just as well known on the first day of the Fiftieth Congres that the Democrats of the House intended to perfect and pass a tariff bill as it was on that warm day in last July when the House passed the Mills bill, and there was nothing to prevent the Republicans of the Senate from having their bill ready just as soon as the Democrats of the House had theirs. But the Republicans counted on the failure of the Mills bill in the House, and were badly disappointed by its passage. There are several reasons why the Republicans have decided not to report their bill. First they were by no means certain that they could pass it, if it was reported. Secondly, they dare not report a bill without entering into a general revision of the present iniquitous tariff, and that revision would be certain to lose them votes among that favored class of manufacturers who are protected at the expense of the people at large. Thirdly, and most important of all, Mr. Blaine issued an edict that no Republican tariff bill should be reported at this session. If the voters of this country do not censure the Republican party for this cowardly evasion of what was plainly its duty, I shall be very much surprised. The people of this country admire manliness and bravery in politics as in everything else, and after the Democratic party had made up its bill upon which to appeal to the country, it was manifestly the duty of the Republicans to present a similiar bill, in order that the voters might intelligently choose which party to vote for. What with Mr. Blaine's ideas on trusts and the latest command of his, the Republicans are likely to wish he had stayed in Europe.

Secretary Whitney and Senator Payne have both made explicit denials of being in any manner connected with the Standard Oil Company. And they both state that nine-tenths of the stockholders in that company are Republicans. So much for Senator Hoar's insinuations that these gentlemen were connected with that corporation,, and that the said corporation was a large contributor to the Democratic campaign fund. If this concern has contributed to euher party it is probable that it was to the Republicans.

Senator Gorman has gone to New York to direct the campaign during the absence of Chairman Brice.

The new silver vault in the Treasury Department contained Saturday night 240 tons of silver dollars.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, it is believed, intend to pigeon-hole the Canadian retaliation bill recently passed by the House.

It is believed that the Republicans are plotting to keep Congress in session until after the election, in order to prevent the Democratic members from taking an active part in the campaign.

Senator George, replying to Senator Hoar's insinuations regarding Secretary Whitney, took occasion to deliver a well-deserved eulogy on Secretary Whitney, in the course of which he said that not since the foundation of the Government had there been a man in the office of Secretary of the Navy who had been more efficient, more honorable, more devoted to the interests confided to him than the present Secretary of the Navy. There were no scandals in that office now, no Secor-Robeson contracts, nor suspicion that a single dollar appropriated for the Navy had not been fully, completely, and honestly applied to that purpose.

There is not a word of truth in the rumor that Secretary Whitney proposes to retire from the Cabinet.

The Senate has passed a resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the copper trusts and to report what legislation is necessary to protect the people from its exactions.

The bill amending the Inter-State Commerce law has been passed by the House.

Hon. George C. Gorham, formely Secretary of the United States Senate and editor of the *National Republican* of this city, says he is for Cleveland in preference to Harrison with Blaine attached as Secretary of the State. Mr. Gorham was a close friend of the late Roscoe Conkling and has always been a Republican.

Never was there more marked difference between two documents than that between the letters of acceptance of Cleveland and Harrison. Every paragraph of Mr. Clevelands letter is as straight from-the shoulder-sledge-hammer blows, while the Harrison letter is a wishy-washy milk-and-water affair all through. Even Republicans acknowledge that there is no comparison between them.

Mr. Cleveland has written a letter strongly endorsing the forming of Democratic clubs and expressing the belief that the club is the most effective agency for the dissemination of political information. He has also written a letter denying in the most positive terms that he ever made use of the expression that "I believe in free-trade as I believe in the Protestant religion," which a writter in the *North American Review* accused him of having used.

## Republican County Convention.

The county convention of Columbia county republicans was held in the Court House last Monday afternoon, September 17th, at 2 o'clock. W. E. Smith, of Berwick called the convention to order, and E. B. Guie, of Catawissa was elected chairman, B. D. Freas, of Berwick and T. Smith, of Jackson, secretaries. Following is a list of the delegates in attendance:

Benton, I. K. Laubauch, C. S. O'brien.

Berwick E., B. D. Freas, F. H. Eaton.

Berwick W., C. C. Evans, W. E. Smith.

Bloom E., Wm. Dietrick, Mathias Shaffer.

Bloom W. E. S. M'Killip, E. V. Hartman.

Centre, T. D. Strauss.

Catawissa, E. B. Guie, M. G. Hughes.

Fishingcreek, Geo. Peeler, J. M. Buckalew.

Hemlock, John Neyhart, John Hartman.

Jackson, T. W. Smith.

Locust, J. W. Block, G. W. Stokes.

Montour, H. P. Chamberlin, W. M. Monroe.

Mt. Pleasant, M. Ruckle, Clinton Crawford.

Orange, Cyrus Conner, Joseph Crawford.

Pine, Jas. Masters, B. G. Waples. Scott, W. E. D. Hagenbuch, Theo. Heck.

Scott E. J. B. Miller, E. B. Walton.

A resolution was then offered to appoint ten conferees to meet with the conferees from Montour county to nominate a president judge for this district.

C. C. Evans, Esq., desired to know who presented the resolution and the name of I. K. Laubauch was given. Mr. Laubauch arose shortly afterward and said that he was not the author of the resolution but it had been handed to him to present to the convention. The chairman thought it was not necessary that the author's name should be given and the resolution was placed before the convention to be voted for. The vote resulted twenty-three to seven against the resolution.

M. G. Hughes, of Catawissa, left the convention and C. E. Geyer was appointed to take his place. It was moved and seconded that the convention proceed to nominate a full ticket and the motion was carried. The chairman announced that the first thing in order would be the nomination of congressman. The following resolution was then presented to the convention:

Resolved that we hereby nominate J. Boyd Robison for Congress subject to the decision of the district conference and authorize him to appoint his own conferees.

After some squabbling, the resolution was put before the convention to be voted for, and was carried by a vote of sixteen to thirteen.

A motion was then made and seconded that conferees be appointed to confer with the conferees from Montour county to nominate a president judge for this district. The motion was carried and C. C. Evans, and C. H. Zehnder, of Berwick, E. B. Guie, of Catawissa, and W. M. Monroe, of Rupert, were nominated and elected conferees.

Moved and seconded that the conferees go uninstructed.

The first ballot resulted 14—15 in favor of the motion.

As all the delegates did not vote, a second ballot was taken resulting in a tie vote of fifteen—fifteen. All still did not vote and the third ballot was taken, which resulted sixteen—fifteen and the motion was declared defeated.

Moved and seconded that the conferees be instructed to vote for Levi Waller. Mr. Evans made an amendment that the instruction be for a good Republican. The amendment was carried.

The motion as amended was then put to vote and lost.

H. J. Conner and E. E. Lowe were unanimously nominated for representatives, and Mathias Snaffer for sheriff.

Wm. Crawford and G. D. Strause were named for the office of Jury Commissioner, and a vote taken, resulting 25 to 3 in favor of Crawford, who was declared the nominee.

C. C. Evans Esq., was chosen unanimously for district attorney and I. K. Laubach, coroner.

It was moved and seconded that the nomination of J. Boyd Robison for congress be made unanimous. Carried. The convention then adjourned.

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*Every Drop Is Worth Its Weight in Gold!*

*Invaluable for Burns, Sunburns, Diarrhœa, Chafings, Stings, Piles, Sore Eyes, Feet, Inflammation and Hemorrhages of all kinds.*

CAUTION.—See that the words "POND'S EXTRACT" are blown in each bottle, inclosed in a buff-colored wrapper, bearing our landscape trade-mark—none other is genuine. *Sold everywhere. Prices, 50c, $1, $1.75.*

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## The Oft Told Story

Of the peculiar medicinal merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla is fully confirmed by the voluntary testimony of thousands who have tried it. Peculiar in the combination, proportion, and preparation of its ingredients, peculiar in the extreme care with which it is put up, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures where other preparations entirely fail. Peculiar in the unequalled good name it has made at home, which is a "tower of strength abroad," peculiar in the phenomenal sales it has attained,

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

is the most popular and successful medicine before the public today for purifying the blood, giving strength, creating an appetite.

"I suffered from wakefulness and low spirits, and also had eczema on the back of my head and neck, which was very annoying. I took one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I have received so much benefit that I am very grateful, and I am always glad to speak a good word for this medicine." MRS. J. S. SNYDER, Pottsville, Penn.

**Purifies the Blood**

Henry Biggs, Campbell Street, Kansas City, had scrofulous sores all over his body for fifteen years. Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured him.

Wallace Buck, of North Bloomfield, N. Y., suffered eleven years with a terrible varicose ulcer on his leg, so bad that he had to give up business. He was cured of the ulcer, and also of catarrh, by

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

**100 Doses One Dollar**


LIST OF PREMIUMS

TO BE AWARDED BY THE

## Benton Agricultural Society,

AT THEIR FIFTH ANNUAL FAIR

TO BE HELD AT

BENTON Columbia Co., Pa.

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday,

October 3rd, 4th, 5th & 6th.

*CLASS 1.*

*Division 1—Stallions.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Thoroughbred best with pedigree | $8 00 | $4 00 | ..... |
| Native best 4 years old and up | 6 00 | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " " between 3 and 4 years | 4 00 | 2 00 | .... |
| " " 2 and 3 years | 3 00 | 2 00 | .... |

*Division 2—Mares.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brood mare, best, with colt at her side | 6 00 | 4 00 | 2 00 |

*Division 3—Draft Horses.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best pair draft horses | 5 00 | 2 50 | ..... |
| " mare or gelding 1 year old between 2 and 3 years | 2 00 | 1 00 | ..... |
| | 2 00 | 1 00 | ..... |
| Best mare or gelding 3 years and up | 5 00 | 2 50 | ..... |

*Division 4—Carriage Horses*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best single driving horse or mare | 4 00 | 2 00 | ..... |
| " pair horses or mares | 7 00 | 3 00 | ..... |
| " horse or mare saited for saddle | 2 00 | 1 00 | ..... |

*CLASS 2.*

*Division 1—Cattle.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best blooded bull, with pedigree, 3 years and up | 8 00 | 4 00 | ..... |
| Best blooded bull, with pedigree, under 3 years old | 4 00 | 2 00 | ..... |
| Best blooded cow, with pedigree | 6 00 | 3 00 | ..... |
| " " heifer | 4 00 | 2 00 | ..... |
| " " calf, 6 mths. or under 2 | 2 00 | 1 00 | ..... |

*Division 2—Native Cattle.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best bull over 3 years old | 5 00 | 3 00 | 2 00 |
| " " under 3 years | 3 00 | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| " cow | 5 00 | 3 00 | 2 00 |
| " heifer | 3 00 | 2 00 | ..... |
| " calf under 6 months | 1 00 | 50 | ..... |

*Division 3—Working Cattle.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best yoke | 4 00 | 2 00 | ..... |

*CLASS 3.*

*Division 1—Sheep, Blooded.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best buck, with pedigree, 2 years and up | 4 00 | 2 00 | ..... |
| Best buck under 2 years | 3 00 | 1 50 | ..... |
| " " ewe | 3 00 | 1 50 | ..... |

*Division 2—Native*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best buck | 2 00 | 1 00 | ..... |
| " lamb | 1 00 | 50 | ..... |
| " ewe | 2 00 | 1 00 | ..... |
| " ewes, 5 in a pen | 3 00 | 1 50 | ..... |

*Division 3—Swine.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Best boar | 3 00 | 2 00 | ..... |
| " sow with litter pigs not less than 5 | 3 00 | 1 50 | ..... |
| Best pair pigs under 3 months | 1 00 | 50 | ..... |
| " shoats, 6 or more in pen | 3 00 | 2 00 | ..... |

*CLASS 4.*

Not less than three of each.

| | |
|---|---|
| Plymouth rocks | $ 50 |
| Langshangs | 50 |
| Wyandottes | 50 |
| Light brahmas | 50 |
| Dark brahmas | 50 |
| Partridge cochins | 50 |
| Black cochins | 50 |
| Buff cochins | 50 |
| White cochins | 50 |
| Houdans | 50 |
| Hamburgs, each variety | 50 |
| White leghorns | 50 |
| Brown leghorns | 50 |
| White-faced black Spanish | 50 |
| Polish, each variety | 50 |
| Crevecœur | 50 |
| Bantams, each variety | 50 |
| Each other variety | 50 |
| Turkeys, each variety | 1 00 |
| Second best | 50 |
| Turkey, weight 25 lbs. or over | 3 00 |
| Geese, each variety | 75 |
| Ducks, each variety | 50 |
| Pigeons, each variety | 50 |
| Display of pigeons, any or all sorts, owned by exhibitor | 1 00 |
| Pheasants, each variety | 50 |
| Quails | 50 |
| Lop-eared rabbits | 50 |
| Common rabbits | 50 |
| Guinea fowls, white | 50 |
| " pearl | 50 |
| Pea fowls white | 50 |
| " colored | 50 |
| Guinea pigs | 50 |
| Display, any or all kinds, owned by one exhibitor | 2 00 |
| second best | 1 00 |

Fowls to be judged according to the American standard of excellence. Those not possessing merit and worth are not entitled to prizes.

*CLASS 5.*

*Division 1—Grain and Seed.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Yellow corn, bushel | 75 | |
| White north, " | 75 | |
| Dent corn, " | 75 | |
| Wheat, " | 1 00 | |
| Second best | 75 | |
| Barley, bushel | 75 | |
| Oats, " | 75 | |
| Buckwheat, bushel | 75 | |
| Rye, " | 75 | |
| Peas, " | 75 | |
| Beans, " | 75 | |
| Clover seed, half bushel | 75 | |
| Timothy seed, " " | 75 | |
| Flax seed, " " | 75 | |

*Division 2—Flour and Feed.*

The premium on flour to be for a given number of pounds of flour from a given number of pounds of grain.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat flour, not less than 50 lbs, made by contributor | 1 00 | |
| Rye flour, not less than 50 lbs, made by contributor | 1 00 | |
| Buckwheat flour, not less than 50 lbs, made by contributor | 1 00 | |
| Graham flour, not less than 50 lbs, made by contributor | 1 00 | |
| Corn meal, not less than 50 lbs, made by contributor | 1 00 | |

*CLASS 6.*

*Division 1—Vegetables.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bushel early potatoes, each variety | 50 | |
| " late " " | 50 | |
| " collection of potatoes, not less than six varieties | 1 00 | |
| Pumpkins, largest | 50 | |
| Mangle Wurzels, bushel (field culture) | 50 | |
| Rutabagas, bushel | 50 | |
| Field beets | 50 | |
| Sample of beets, onions, tomatoes, turnips, parsnips, celery, cauliflower, cabbage, lettuce, radishes, peppers, squashes, pumpkins, egg plants (not less than five each, quart Lima beans | 50 | |

*Division 2—Green Fruit.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Peaches, display of, one peck | 1 00 | |
| " largest variety, half doren | 50 | |
| Apples, largest, one peck | 1 00 | |
| " 12 varieties, 4 each | 1 00 | |
| " lot of fall, 6 varieties, 4 each | 1 00 | |
| " specimen of, size and quality considered, not less than a peck | 75 | |
| Apples, lot winter, 4 each, 6 or more varieties | 1 00 | |
| Pears, any variety | 1 00 | |
| Pears, collection | 1 00 | |
| Quinces, not less than 1 dozen | 75 | |
| Plums, display of, any name 2 varieties | 50 | |
| Grapes, collection, not less than 4 varieties | 50 | |
| Grapes, cluster, not less than 6 clusters, any variety | 50 | |

*Division 3—Dried Fruits*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wortleberries, 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Blackberries, 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Raspberries 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Dewberries 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Cherries, 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Currants, 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Twetchers, 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Prunes, 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Peaches, 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Plums, 2 lbs | 50 | |
| Apples, 5 lbs | 50 | |

*CLASS 7.*

*Division 1—Culinary Department.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bread, loaf | 75 | 50 |
| " made by girl 15 yrs or under | 50 | ..... |
| Butter, roll, 2 lbs or more | 75 | 50 |
| Pie, apple | 25 | ..... |
| " peach | 25 | ..... |
| " pumpkin or squash | 25 | ..... |
| " mince | 25 | ..... |
| " lemon | 25 | ..... |
| " grape | 25 | ..... |
| Rolls | 25 | ..... |
| Biscuit | 25 | ..... |
| Cheese, home made | 25 | ..... |
| Cake, sponge | 50 | ..... |
| " cocoanut | 50 | ..... |
| " pound | 50 | ..... |
| " fruit | 50 | ..... |
| " ginger | 25 | ..... |

*Division 2.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Pickles in vinegar, process to be stated | 50 | |
| Honey, box, by 1 colony this year, 5 lbs or over | 1 00 | |
| Honey, display | 1 00 | |
| Second | 50 | |
| Maple sugar, this year, 5 lbs | 75 | |
| Maple syrup, " 1 gallon | 75 | |
| Ham, cured, with receipt given, cut and cured by contributor | 50 | |
| Second | 25 | |

*CLASS 8.*

*Division 1—Canned Fruit.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Best quart each variety | 25 | ..... |
| Greatest variety and best | 75 | 50 |

*CLASS 9.*

*Division 2—Wines and Jellies.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wine, domestic grape, 1 bottle | 50 | |
| Wine, raspberry, 1 bottle | 50 | |
| Wine, currant, " | 50 | |
| Wine, blackberry, " | 50 | |
| Any other domestic made wine | 50 | |
| Jellies, collection domestic made | 50 | |
| " qualities and varieties considered 1 qt each | 50 | |
| Second | 50 | |

The judges may recommend premiums for different varieties of canned fruit, domestic jellies, preserves and pickles, not exceeding 25 cents each.

*CLASS 10.*

*Farm Implements.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Most numerous and best display agricultural implements | diploma |
| Mower and reaper combined | dip |
| " | dip |
| Reaper | dip |
| Grain drill | dip |
| Hand seed drill | dip |
| Seed sower | dip |
| Hay tedder | dip |
| Threshing machine and self cleaner in operation | dip |
| Horse power lever | dip |
| Tread horse power | dip |
| Field roller | dip |
| One-horse cultivator | dip |
| Two-horse " | dip |
| Harrow | dip |
| Clover harrow | dip |
| Iron plow | dip |
| Steel " | dip |
| Chilled iron plow | dip |
| Subsoil plow | dip |
| Corn sheller | dip |
| Fanning mill | dip |
| Horse rake | dip |
| Grain cradle | dip |
| Hay forks, six | dip |
| Hand rakes, six | dip |
| Manure forks, six | dip |
| Straw forks, six | dip |
| Scythes and snaths, six | dip |
| Straw, grain and grass cutter | dip |
| Ox yoke | dip |
| Horse cart | dip |
| Hay rigging made by exhibitor | dip |
| Machine for loading hay in the field | dip |
| Machine for unloading and distributing hay in the building | dip |
| Grindstone for sharpening mowing machines | dip |
| Plank setter | dip |
| Root cutter | dip |
| Stump machine | dip |
| Corn husker | dip |
| Farm gate | dip |
| Dog or sheep power for churning | dip |
| Lawn mower | dip |
| Portable steam engine for dairy purposes | dip |
| " " farm | dip |

The judges in this class will examine articles not enumerated therein and for meritorious ones will award a certificate of merit.

*CLASS 11.*

*Manufactured Articles.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Display of carriages | diploma |
| Two-horse " | 2 00 |
| One-horse " | 2 00 |
| Open buggy | 1 50 |
| Platform and spring wagon | 2 00 |
| Lumber or farm wagon | 2 00 |
| Skeleton wagon | 2 00 |
| Pleasure sleigh | diploma |
| Lumber sleigh | dip |
| Cutter | dip |
| Pair of sleighs | dip |
| Pork barrel | dip |
| Refrigerator | dip |
| Flour barrel | dip |
| Firkin and butter pail and quickest method of raising cream | dip |
| Churn, new and improved | dip |
| Cheese press | dip |
| Sign painting | dip |
| Washing machine, operation to be shown | dip |
| Sample drain tile | dip |
| Collection cabinet work | $ 00 |
| Spring bed bottom | dip |
| Bedstead | dip |
| Bureau | dip |
| Clothes wringer | dip |
| Table | dip |
| Washstand | dip |
| Chairs, 6 or more | dip |
| Worked maple | dip |
| Lift force pump | dip |
| Set horse shoes for farm purposes, specimen | 1 00 |
| Picture frame | 50 |

*CLASS 12.*

*Division 1—Merchandise.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Display of stoves and tinware | $2 50 |
| Display of edge tools | dip |
| Saws, collection | dip |
| Augurs, collection | dip |
| Range | dip |
| Furnace heater | dip |
| Parlor | dip |
| Coal cooking stove | dip |
| Wood " | dip |
| Coal heating " | dip |
| Fire grate | dip |
| Display of ropes made in this country | dip |
| Dozen corn brooms | dip |
| " brushes | dip |
| Corn baskets, 4 | dip |
| Dry goods, display of | dip |
| Earthenware, display of | dip |

All persons desiring to exhibit pianos, organs, sewing machines, stoves, furnaces, fire grates, etc. will be furnished ample space to exhibit and display their wares.

*Division 2—Leather, Harness, etc.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Boots and shoes, display of | | dip |
| Leather, display of | | dip |
| Rubber goods, display of | | dip |
| Carriage harness, double | | $ 00 |
| " " single | | 1 00 |
| Working " double | | 1 00 |
| " " single | | 1 00 |
| Double " fancy | | 1 00 |
| Single " " | | 1 00 |
| Coarse boots, doz. pairs | | dip |
| Fine " " | | dip |
| Ladies' " " | | dip |
| Pair fine boots | | dip |
| " coarse " | | dip |
| " ladies' boots or shoes | | dip |
| Sole leather, 6 sides | | dip |
| Upper leather, 6 sides | | dip |
| Calf skins, 6 sides | | dip |
| Harness, saddlery, valises, etc., greatest display | | 1 00 |

*CLASS 13.*

*Paintings and Fancy Work.*

All articles must be owned by the exhibitor.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | 1st. | 2d. |
| Oil paintings, display of | $2 00 | $1 00 |
| Painting in oil, landscape | 1 50 | 75 |
| " " head | 1 00 | ..... |
| Display painting in water colors | 1 00 | ..... |
| Painting in water colors, flowers | 1 00 | ..... |
| " " " fruit | 1 00 | ..... |
| Display of painting on satin or silk | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| " " " china | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| Pencil drawing | 1 00 | 50 |
| Display crayon drawings | 1 00 | 50 |
| Photographic display | 1 00 | ..... |
| Ornamental printing | | dip |
| Preserved specimens natural history | | dip |
| Display coins | | dip |
| " burr wood | 1 00 | ..... |
| " wood carved by gent | 1 00 | ..... |
| " fancy picture frames | 1 00 | ..... |
| " Taxidermists' work | 1 00 | ..... |
| " moss work | 1 00 | ..... |
| " fruit, wax | 1 00 | ..... |
| " flowers, wax | 1 00 | ..... |
| " hair work | 1 00 | ..... |
| " hair jewelry | 50 | ..... |
| " ornamental shell work | 1 00 | ..... |
| " feather flowers | 1 00 | ..... |
| " leather work | 1 00 | ..... |
| " aquarium | 1 50 | 1 00 |
| Canary bird | 50 | ..... |

*CLASS 14.*

*Division 1—Needlework, etc.*

All articles to have been finished within two years last past.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Tidy, Java canvas | 50 | ..... |
| " in outline embroidery | 50 | ..... |
| " knitted | 50 | ..... |
| " crochet | 50 | ..... |
| " crewel or embroidered | 50 | ..... |
| " lace | 50 | ..... |
| " applique | 50 | ..... |
| Piano cover | 1 00 | 50 |
| Table cover | 1 00 | 50 |
| Toilet set, crochet | 50 | ..... |
| " canvas | 50 | ..... |
| Rick-rack trimmings | 50 | ..... |
| Display of crewel work | 1 00 | ..... |
| Fancy towels, drawn | 75 | ..... |
| Set table mats | 50 | ..... |
| Towel rack | 50 | ..... |
| Stand pin cushion | 50 | ..... |
| Fancy work bag | 50 | ..... |
| Sofa cushion | 75 | ..... |
| Zephyr pin cushion | 50 | ..... |
| Bead pin-cushion | 50 | ..... |
| Fancy pin cushion or other design | 50 | ..... |
| Chenile work | 50 | ..... |
| Work with gold or silver thread | 50 | ..... |
| Lace work by hand | 75 | ..... |
| Spatter work | 50 | ..... |
| Display of applique work | 1 00 | ..... |
| Pillow shams, embroidered | 75 | ..... |
| Yoke for night dress, embroidered | 50 | ..... |
| Band and sleeves for undergarments embroidered | 50 | ..... |
| Handkerchief, embroidered | 50 | ..... |
| Pillow shams, braided | 50 | ..... |
| Lap robe, embroidered | 75 | ..... |
| Lambrequin, bead | 50 | ..... |
| " macreme | 50 | ..... |
| Bracket lambrequin, crewel work | 50 | ..... |
| Work for wall pocket | 50 | ..... |
| " basket, fancy | 50 | ..... |
| Shoe bag | 50 | ..... |
| Scrap | 50 | ..... |
| Vase mats, fancy | 50 | ..... |
| Specimen ladies' fancy work new design | 1 00 | 50 |
| Hearth rug | 1 00 | 50 |
| Rag carpet, not less than 5 yards | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| Carpet rug, woven | 50 | ..... |
| Woolen stockings, home made | 50 | ..... |
| Cotton " " | 50 | ..... |
| Pair of knit mittens | 50 | ..... |
| " woolen crochet mittens | 50 | ..... |
| " leggins | 50 | ..... |
| Article of patching | 50 | ..... |
| " darning | 50 | ..... |
| Cotton socks, home made | 50 | ..... |
| Woolen " " | 50 | ..... |
| Shirt, home made | 1 00 | 50 |
| Chemise, home made | 1 00 | 50 |
| Night dress home made | 1 00 | 50 |
| Muslin skirt, home made | 1 00 | 50 |
| Crazy quilt | 3 00 | 1 00 |
| Silk bed quilt | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| White cotton bed quilt | 1 00 | 50 |
| Colored " " | 1 00 | 50 |
| Spread, applique | 1 00 | 50 |
| Log cabin bed quilt | 1 00 | 50 |
| Bureau cover | 50 | ..... |
| Bed spread, knit | 1 00 | 50 |
| " crochet | 1 00 | 50 |
| Afghan for carriage | 1 00 | 50 |
| " child's coach | 50 | ..... |
| Crib spread | 50 | ..... |

*CLASS 15.*

*Fancy Work.*

The judges are authorized to award discretionary premiums to meritorious articles in this class not exceeding 50 cents each.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Knit edging, not less than 2 yards | 50 | 25 |
| Needle book | 50 | ..... |
| Specimen plain sewing by hand | 1 00 | 50 |
| Pieced bed quilt | 1 00 | 50 |
| Dressed doll | 50 | 25 |
| Pin-cushion | 50 | ..... |
| Specimen darning | 50 | ..... |
| " patching | 50 | ..... |
| Garments, hand made | 1 00 | 50 |
| Motto, zephyrs | 50 | ..... |
| Air castle | 50 | ..... |
| Crochet mats | 50 | ..... |
| Knitting | 50 | ..... |
| Specimen of hand carving | 1 00 | 50 |
| " " of scroll sawing | 1 00 | 50 |
| " " and printing | 50 | ..... |
| Display of work of any description | 50 | ..... |
| Crochet edging, not less than two yards | 50 | ..... |

*CLASS 16.*

*Millinery, Etc.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Millinery exhibit | 1 00 | |
| Mantua making | 1 00 | |
| Silk Embroidery | 1 00 | |
| Crochet work | 1 00 | |
| Tatting | 1 00 | |
| Netting | 1

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.
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The Columbian

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1888.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN RAILROAD

Taking effect WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1st, 1888.

| | SOUTH. | | | | NORTH. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| STATIONS. | Ar. P. M. | Ar. P. M. | Ar. A. M. | Lv. A. M. | Lv. P. M. | Lv. P. M. | Lv. A. M. |
| Bloomsburg, | 7 31 | 2 16 | 8 00 | 9 00 | 6 40 | 6 00 | 6 00 |
| Main Street, | 7 20 | 2 06 | 7 50 | 9 11 | 6 51 | 6 05 | |
| Irondale, | 7 18 | 2 04 | 7 48 | 9 13 | 6 54 | 6 08 | |
| Paper Mill, | 7 11 | 1 52 | 7 39 | 9 25 | 7 04 | 6 15 | |
| Lightstreet, | 7 08 | 1 47 | 7 35 | 9 30 | 7 08 | 6 18 | |
| Orangeville, | 6 55 | 1 33 | 7 25 | 9 50 | 7 20 | 6 27 | |
| Forks, | 6 45 | 1 14 | 7 13 | 10 01 | 7 34 | 6 37 | |
| Tubbs, | 6 41 | 1 08 | 7 08 | 10 07 | 7 38 | 6 41 | |
| Stillwater, | 6 36 | 1 01 | 7 02 | 10 15 | 7 44 | 6 46 | |
| Benton, | 6 18 | 12 50 | 6 54 | 10 30 | 7 52 | 6 54 | |
| | A. M. | 12 10 | | 11 00 | | | |
| Edsons, | 6 25 | 12 05 | 6 49 | 11 05 | 7 56 | 6 57 | |
| Coles Creek, | 6 22 | 12 00 | 6 45 | 11 10 | 8 00 | 7 00 | |
| Sugarloaf, | 6 19 | 11 55 | 6 40 | 11 15 | 8 05 | 7 03 | |
| Laubach's, | 6 17 | 11 50 | 6 37 | 11 20 | 8 09 | 7 05 | |
| Central, | 6 10 | 11 40 | 6 30 | 11 30 | 8 16 | 7 12 | |
| | Lv. A. M. | Lv. A. M. | Lv. A. M. | Ar. A. M. | Ar. A. M. | Ar. A. M. | |

—o—

Trains on the P. & R. R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

| NORTH. | SOUTH. |
|---|---|
| 7:27 a. m. | 11:00 a. m. |
| 3:38 p. m. | 6:01 p. m. |

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

| NORTH. | SOUTH. |
|---|---|
| 7:19 a. m. | 8:32 a. m. |
| 10:57 a. m. | 12:06 p. m. |
| *2:24 p. m. | 4:18 p. m. |
| 6:36 p. m. | 8:47 p. m. |

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

| NORTH. | SOUTH. |
|---|---|
| 10:46 a. m. | 11:46 a. m. |
| 6.26 p. m. | 4:19 p. m. |
| SUNDAY. | |
| NORTH. | SOUTH. |
| 10:16 a m | 6:39 p m |

### $25.00 Reward

Will be paid for information leading to conviction of any person or persons fishing with gill nets, seines, explosives, poisonous baits or by any other unlawful means in any of the waters of Columbia county.
COLUMBIA COUNTY GAME AND FISH ASSO.
aug. 24-3m.

### SALES.

ROUND CANVAS TENT FOR SALE.—Good as new, 40 feet in diameter, for $75 cash.
L. H. HOWE,
2t Mauch Chunk, Pa.

FOR SALE.—A desirable and commodious residence on Main street, supplied with water, gas and steam. Apply to
jan20tf. L. N. MOYER.

FOR SALE.—A special "Pony Star" bicycle, latest pattern, in first-class order, has not been run over 50 miles.
JOE. WELLS.
Bloomsburg, Pa. aug-24.

WANTED.—100 bushel of pears, also 50 bushels of grapes for which the highest cash price will be paid, G. M. Baker agent, Espy, Pa.

LOST.—A pocket book containing $37.00 in bills, and a check on the First National Bank of Bloomsburg was lost on Main St., Bloomsburg on Thursday Sept. 6. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to this office, or to Mrs. Ella Hartman, near Orangeville.

### Building Lots for Sale.

The proprietors of Jamison City of Susquehanna township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, are now ready to negotiate for the sale of lots. As house room will be needed for several hundred workmen who will be engaged in lumbering, tanning and other business, special inducements will be given to purchasers who will build before the close of the year. With pure mountain air, good spring water, and fine scenery, no more desirable location for healthy homes, and a good paying place for business, can be found in this section of the state. For maps of the place and other information apply to
JOHN JAMISON
or A. L. FRITZ,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE.—A yoke of cattle 6 years old, also a good mare, 4 years. Address
Z L. KILE,
2w Fairmount Springs, Pa.

STRAYED. Four Merino sheep have strayed away from my premises. Any one knowing their whereabouts, will be suitably rewarded by returning to
E. A. RAWLINGS, Bloomsburg.

McKillip has taken a careful inspection of this photographic and crayon portraiture feeling it will repay both those who look for pleasure and those contemplating any work.

Bloomsburg Pa

### An Old Farmer Buncoed.

Saturday of last week Isaac Hendershot, a farmer, 75 years of age, while attending the Berwick Fair, was robbed of $600 by bunco men. They took him to a room and introduced him to a sort of lottery. He was allowed to win at first, but $600 was demanded as security for the prize. He went to the bank and drew the amount, which was all he had, and returned to the room occupied by the swindlers. On the pretext of going to a back room to get his prize for him after Hendershot had handed over his pile the men skipped out by the back way and disappeared. Hendershot is frantic with grief at his loss and is dangerously prostrated in consequence.

*The latest colors in stiff and slouch hats are golden brown, tobacco and cedar. You can get them at Lowenberg's.*

Buy Lester's School Shoes
Every pair warranted.

### Personal.

The Misses Hassert are spending a few weeks in Philadelphia.

Mr. Clyde Mercer has been very ill during the past week with peritontis, but is at present much improved.

Prof. D. J. Waller arrived home from his European trip Wednesday evening. The students went to the station to meet him in a body, and joined in hearty applause as he alighted from the train.

Alfred McHenry, one of Benton's enterprising merchants went to Philadelphia on Monday to buy new goods. His stock embraces a full line of general merchandise, and he will offer some great bargains when his new stock arrives.

L. C. Sheffey, the genial agent of P. Whitlock of Richmond, Va., manufacturer of "Old Virginia" cheroots, was in town on Monday, and made arrangements with Alexander Bros. & Co. to handle his excellent goods.

A reunion of the 132d Regiment Penna. Vols. was held at Danville on Monday.

Orders taken for school books and school supplies at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Report of Commissioners Convention will appear next week.

The exterior of I. W. Hartman & Son's store building has been brightened and improved by a fresh coat of paint.

A dispatch received on Tuesday morning announced the birth of a son to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bloom.

Economy and strength are peculiar to Hood's Sarsaparilla, the only medicine of which "100 doses one dollar" is true.

*The latest style of cheviot pants made to order for $5 at D. Lowenberg's.*

Council proceedings and several other important matters are crowded out this week by the premium list of the Benton fair.

A meeting of the stock holders of the School Furnishing Company will be held next week Thursday and it will be then decided what is to be done.

The dedication of the new German Reformed church at Mifflinville will take place on Sunday, September 30th. Everybody is invited to be present and assist in the exercises.

Mrs. G. B. Markle, wife of the great coal merchant who died only a few weeks ago, died at her home in Hazleton last monday. She was a sister of J. Boyd Robison and aunt of H. M. Rupert, both of this place.

The banquet which was to have been given next Tuesday to Judge Elwell by the bar of the district has been postponed until Friday October 19th. The necessary arrangements could not be made to have it during court week.

J. G. Wells has opened a Jeweler's store in the COLUMBIAN building. He occupies a portion of the front room on the first floor, and has just opened up a fine assortment of goods in his line. Watches, clocks and jewelry promptly repaired.

Mr. Conner, of the firm of White, Conner & Sloan, of Orangeville, started for the West Tuesday morning, in company with his wife. They expect to visit in Michigan, Illinois and perhaps as far West as Nebraska. They will be absent about four weeks.

Governor Beaver has been subpœnaed as a witness in the Johnson murder trial at Lock Haven next week. He will be asked to produce the confession of Shaffer which was filed in the State Department.

The ladies of the Guild of the Reformed Church and Sunday School will serve oysters and other refreshments in the "Study" of the Church on Friday evening, 21st inst. Call around. You will receive a cordial welcome.

The members of the Rescue Hose and Ladder Company will give a masquerade ball at Music Hall, Friday evening, September 28th, which everybody is invited to attend. The price of admission is 35 cents for gentlemen, ladies free. Grand march at 8:30.

John A. Wilson, chief engineer of the Bloomsburg & Sullivan railroad in company with some friends, spent the week reconoitering the mountain lands of B. & S. railroad syndicate, returning home Tuesday morning. It is supposed the trip will result in the carrying of the B. & S. railroad across the mountain.

The business office of the COLUMBIAN has not been moved, but remains where it has been for the past seven years, first floor front next to the post office. The law office of Geo. E. Elwell has been removed to the second floor, and J. G. Wells occupies as a jeweler's store that portion of the room thus vacated.

To disgust rats and mice away from a building make a strong solution of oxalic acid and soak newspapers in it until they are in a pulp condition cram this into the holes through which the rats or mice pass, and they will get such sore mouths and feet that they will give the holes a wide berth.

The republican convention last Monday was not a representative convention. At least that is what several of the delegates insisted upon. The motion to instruct judicial conferrees was opposed on the ground that in many instances the delegates were selected by three or four persons, there being no regular delegate election.

Thirty-three members of the Order of American Mechanics went from this town last week Thursday to participate in a parade at Easton on Friday. There were 3500 men in line, and it was a big day for Easton. Among those who went from here were Guy Jacoby Esq., William Barrett, W. B. Taylor and J. W. Moyer.

A Shamokin dispatch of the 17th inst says: The corner-stone of the Hungarian Catholic Church was laid here yesterday evening by Rev. Wolinski, of Shenandoah. Some three thousand people stood in the drizzling rain to witness the ceremony. Father Wolinski is the only priest of this faith in this country, and this is the second church.

The 132d Regiment of Penna. Volunteers held a reunion at Danville on Monday. Twenty members of Co. E. went from here. The Company was recruited mostly in Bloomsburg, Orangeville, Millville, and Espy. M. Whitmoyer was the Captain; Andrew Mench 1st Lieutenant, and Amzi Mellick 2nd Lieutenant. Danville was handsomely decorated, and but for the rain it would have been a great day. A parade took place at 2 o'clock. The members of Co. E. from Bloomsburg are James Cadman, C. P. Sloan, G. W. Sterner, C. H. Hendershott, W. H. Gilmore, H. C. Hartman, Isaac Rodheimer and B. Stohner.

*The latest styles in stiff hats, the Dunlap and Youman's style at D. Lowenberg's.*

Richard Metherell and Miss Lily Frantz of Berwick were married in New Jersey last week Wednesday.

Gilmore's Band and Friendship Fire Company went to Shamokin on Wednesday afternoon to participate in the firemen's parade, on Thursday. The band has beautiful new uniforms, and we predict that no crowd in the line will make a better appearance than the boys from Bloomsburg.

Vice President McMichael, B. K. Jamison and others who furnished the money to build the Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad, went over the road with a special train Saturday. At Central they left the train and walked the trestling and over the grade of the extension as far as the new road leading to Red Rock, when they were met with private conveyances and taken to Ganoga Lake, where they spent Tuesday, returning Sunday night. The party was exceedingly well pleased with the road in every particular.

The excellence of HARPER'S MAGAZINE for October is apparent even from a hasty glance through its pages. There are short stories and long ones, sketches, "skits," poetry, and unsurpassed illustrations. The articles most striking, perhaps, are Mr. Theodore Child's "Limoges and its Industries," and Z. L. White's description of "Western Journalism." These contain a great store of new information, and even the old facts are so presented that they strike the reader with new force. The portraits of Western editors will be scanned by the public with interest.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending Sept. 18, 1888.

George Hass, Miss Kate Houck (2), Mr. F. S Kline, J. C. Ohl, Mr. W. H. Powell, Mr. John J. Schneider, H. Y. Smith, Miss Minnie Stonge, O. Shugar, Mary F. Shult, Miss A. D. Welsh. Mr. J. H. Wells.

CARDS.

Mr. Eva Marshall.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."
GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

### B. & S. Accident.

An accident occurred on the B. & S. railroad at the fourth mile post near the Paper Mill. There is a deep cut there through rotten rock and limestone. Considerable of earth is intermixed with the loose stone, and rank weeds and grass grow upon the surface making it seem perfectly safe. The heavy rain of Sunday loosened up the material. Just as the early morning train, which leaves here at 6 o'clock was passing around the curve, the vibration brought the slide down, and the engineer beheld with horror, about one hundred tons of earth and rock land just in front of the train. The engine was reversed, but too late. The train plowed through about two thirds of the slide, scattering the rotten rock and limestone on both sides of the track. The pilot of the engine, and the back truck of the passenger car were displaced, throwing each crosswise upon the track. The engineer kept at his post. Superintendent Leader, Col. John Jamison, and six or eight passengers were in the car but no one was injured. The new engine which just arrived was immediately called into service and did good work. It was nearly evening when the earth was removed and the wrecked train brought back to the depot. In order to prevent any recurrence at that point, Superintendent Leader directed that all loose earth be removed, accordingly about one thousand tons were taken away, and the road made absolutely safe. Travel on the road was very little delayed. The engine north brought the passengers and freight to the place of wreck and they were then conveyed to the train this side of the wreck and brought to the depot.

*Elegant flannel shirts at Lowenber's.*

### Game Laws.

When game is out of season: From Jan. 1 to Sept. 1, gray, black or fox squirrel—penalty $5 for each squirrel. Hare or rabbit, from Jan 1 to Nov. 1, penalty, $5 for each rabbit; Jan. 1 to Oct. 15, wild turkey, penalty, $10; Jan. 1 to July 15, upland plover, penalty, $10; between Jan 1 and July 4, woodcock, penalty, $10; from Oct. 15 to December 15, quail and partridge penalty, $10; from Jan. 1 to Oct. 1 ruffled grouse or pheasant—penalty, $10.

No person shall at any time, kill or take any wild turkey, grouse or pheasant, quail or partridge, or woodcock by means of any blind, torchlight, trap, snare, net or devise whatever, under penalty of $10 for each bird.

The hunting of rabbits with ferrets is forbidden under penalty of $10.

For killing or having in possession common birds such as the night hawk, whippoor-will, oriole, thrush, swallow, etc., a penalty of $5 is fixed. For robbing birds' nests, except in case of predatory birds, the fine is $10. For killing or disturbing wild pigeons while nesting the penalty is $50 and no person not a citizen of Pennsylvania shall trap or kill wild pigeons unless he takes out a license which will cost him $50.

It is unlawful to pursue or kill deer, except between Dec. 15 and Oct 1.

In the game laws the expression "kill or have in possession" is used and the latter word is being the subject of much debate in various places. In Michigan it has been decided by the Supreme Court that game brought from other States or killed in that State during the lawful period does not make the possessor liable to fine.

### Knights of the Golden Eagle.

The Knights of the Golden Eagle are a very flourishing order, as will be seen by late reports from the grand castle. The order is in successful operation in twenty-three States. It is based upon liberal principals and is especially adapted for all, rich and poor. Its motto is "Fidelity, Valor and Honor," three graces which are taught in its ritual, unexcelled for beauty and impressiveness. The three degrees are symbolic of a soldier battling for his faith. He is first a pilgrim, then a knight, and finally a crusader. He has for his aim that of a Christian warrior, struggling to gain the immortal crown. The lessons taught in the degrees are impressive and calculated to lead men to a higher existence, there being nothing of a frivolous or objectionable character. The ritualistic work partakes somewhat of the semi-military character, lending an air of grandeur not incident to some civic socities.

Theta Castle of this town is in a flourishing condition.

### Old "Kit" Dead.

Hughesville Mail.

Old "Kit" is dead. "Kit" was an old mare—31 years—that has been in the possession of H. R. Merhling from the time she was about four years old. She was a good, faithful animal. Her demise was sudden—old age—which took place on Friday. Mr Merhling had driven her to Bloomsburg and back last week. When he entered the stable on Friday he found his faithful old friend on the floor and remarked "Kit you ain't dead yet!" She raised her head, looked at him, laid it back, closed her eyes and in a few minutes was dead.

### Emigration to South America.

Espy, Col. Co., Pa., July 2, 1888.

HON. G. L. RIVES, Asst. Sec. of State.

DEAR SIR.—Yours of the 26th of June in answer to my inquiry to Secretary Bayard as to whether the State department had any knowledge of the existence of an organization in this country or elsewhere having for its object the emigration of colored people in large numbers to Brazil and the several Central and South American countries, and if so whether they were going there as bona fide emigrants encouraged and protected by those governments or under such contracts to labor as will reduce them to a condition of involuntary servitude, and if so, would Mr. Bayard use his influence as Minister of State as far as may be compatible with international law to prevent such wrongs as might be perpetrated upon a credulous people.

You informed me in yours of Feb. 9 that the State Department had no knowledge of the existence of any organization in this country or elsewhere having for its object the emigration of colored people from this country to Central and South America. I was glad to be informed however that Mr. Bayard made the necessary inquiry in regard to the matter through the Representatives of our government in those countries. In yours of June 26 I found enclosed a copy of Minister Jarvis' dispatch No. 123 to Mr. Bayard in which he states that he has no knowledge of any organization sanctioned by the government of Brazil for the purpose of importing American negroes into that country and that Brazil was looking to Europe for immigrants. He stated that he would look into the matter and make a more extended report. I also received two copies of the *Rio News* dated March 5th and 24th, in which the editor in speaking of colored immigration graphically sets forth the inconvenience which they would be subject to, in those countries. Although his home is thousands of miles from our shore and under Monarchical government, where the Portuguese language is spoken, he seems to be thoroughly conversant with the American continent. He writes upon matters that are transpiring in this country with the ease and quick sightedness of a most enlightened journalist.

You will please transmit any information that may come to the State department that concerns the welfare of my race (the African). You will please accept my sincere thanks on behalf of the State department for the promptness of action and also on behalf of Secretary Bayard for establishing an efficient Foreign Service, and President Cleveland for his earnest endeavors to administer the government upon true democratic principles as was laid down by Jefferson, that is of the people and for the people and by the consent of the people.

Yours respectfully,
STEPHEN W. HILL, Espy, Pa.

I will not intrude upon your valuable space by copying lengthy editorials upon the subject but will give you a few brief extracts. The New York *Herald* of January 20th contains the following dispatches from Kansas City dated January 19th in regard to a scheme for colonizing African laborers in South and Central America. "A movement effecting many States, hundreds of thousands of people, has been inaugurated in this city and now assumes definite shape. What the political consequence will be no one can tell. The headquarters of the new movement are in Topeka, Kansas. The work to be done will be in the Southern States." The *Rio News* speaks as follows of the Topeka scheme. "It would appear from our latest American exchange that the Topeka scheme for establishing colonies of American negroes in South and Central America is making rapid progress in the south and is attracting widespread attention. The promoters of the scheme in Topeka, Kansas, have effected a regular organization under the corporated title, "The South and Central American Immigration League of the United States of America," whose capital stock is placed at $2,000,000." The *Rio News* is a Brazilian paper published in the city of Rio Janiero.

I beg leave to state that the writer of the foregoing in giving publicity to the above is aware that the people of this section of country have little concern in the welfare of the colored race. It will be of interest to many however to know the friendly attitude of the administration towards us and how it is appreciated by some of us. I am not prepared to say to what extent the colored people in the Northern States will support President Cleveland in the coming election. I am not working in the interest of political parties but for the welfare of my race, it is my duty therefore to state to what extent the administration has assisted and also my belief that it was done in good faith.

S. W. H.

### A Large Industry.

A contract was signed recently between Col. Corcoran and J. R. T. Ryan by which the latter sold his Union County saw mill to Col. C. to be moved to Jamison City some time within the next month. This is one of the best Gang mills in the country, having a capacity of 100,000 feet per day. The Col. is having a Band Mill built to connect with this mill, with a capacity of 30,000 feet per day, which will be used to cut hard wood. He is also negotiating with the Hughesville Hub Works to move their plant to Jamison City, as they use nothing but white birch and have run out of timber where they are now located. They employ seventy-five men in their hub and veneering works. The contract for the erection of a tannery will be closed and work commenced on the bark sheds at the mouth of Blackberry run within the month. The most of these improvements will be in Columbia county and will add materially to the taxable property.

*The largest line of children's suits ever shown at D. Lowenberg's.*

### Violating the Liquor Law.

The Liquor Dealers' Protective Association of Luzerne county is up in arms against unlicensed dealers, who are now doing business in this county by the hundred. Ever since the new law went into effect the number of unlicensed places has increased over twenty-five per cent. The greatest increase is in the small mining towns. Three detectives from Pottsville, employed by the Liquor Dealers' Association, have been doing some quiet work the past week. The names of forty unlicensed dealers were reported to the grand jury.—*Shickshinny Echo.*

*A large stock of children's suits just received at LOWENBERG'S.*

It is astonishing how rapidly the feeble and debilitated gain strength and vigor when taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. For what are called "broken-down constitutions," nothing else has proved so effective as this powerful but perfectly safe medicine.

J. P. Eves Post, 536, G. A. R., will hold their second annual camp-fire at Millville on Saturday September 22, 1888, afternoon and evening. The bill of fare will include many tempting delicacies; army bean soup, ham sandwiches, oysters, fruits, ice cream, peanuts, candies, etc. There will be contests for valuable articles. A good time is anticipated and everybody is invited to attend.

Fulton Opera House was crowded last night. Before eight o'clock every seat in the house was occupied, and standing room only could be bought at the box office. In the gallery the jam was terrific, not a foot of standing room remaining occupied, and down stairs the jam was almost as great. It was a big audience, and the show they had gathered to see deserved it. Peck & Fursman's Company presented "On the Trail; or, Daniel Boone, the Pioneer," which is a romantic border drama in three acts, and it was without doubt the best show of the description ever seen in Fulton Opera House. The plot is interesting, and the play abounds in incidents of the most thrilling character. The company is a good one, the scenery is elegant and the trained horses marvelous of sagacity.—*Lancaster (Pa.) Examiner*

This play will appear at the Bloomsburg Opera House, Sept. 25.

### New Style of Postal Cards.

The post office department is soon to have a new style of postal cards. It is much like a double card of the present pattern. The back folds are split diagonally and open out like a four-pointed star. The four corners are folded and joined in the centre, when the card is ready for mailing, with a piece of gummed paper. The card weighs less than half an ounce, and will contain no more writing than the present card, the only advantage being greater privacy.

If you have sick or nervous headache, take Ayer's Cathartic Pills. They will cleanse the stomach, restore healthy action to the digestive organs, remove effete matter (the presence of which depresses the nerves and brain), and thus give speedy relief.

### To Investors.

Persons having money to invest at a high rate of interest should consider the advantages offered by the Guaranty Investment Company of New York, which has a capital of $250,000, and guarantees the payment of all loans made by it. L. A. Riley of Centralia is one of the officers. Full information can be obtained by applying either in person or by letter, to Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg, agent. tf.

All the school books used at the Normal kept in stock at Mercer's drug and book store.

Twenty-five cents a day purchases a $3,000 policy in The Travelers, of Hartford, which is payable in event of death by accident, with $15 weekly indemnity for wholly disabling injury. J. H. Maize, agent, second floor COLUMBIAN building Bloomsburg. tf.

*All the latest fall styles of hats just received at Lowenberg's.*

### Jurymen for September Term.

GRAND JURY.

The following named persons were drawn to serve as members of the grand jury for September court:

BERWICK—W. V. Palmer.
BRIARCREEK—Lamon Martz, Clarence Sponenberg.
CATAWISSA—Frank Gable, C. W. Harder.
CENTRE—Samuel Lutz.
CONYNGHAM—G. W. Billman, John P. Hannon.
FISHINGCREEK—Daniel Wenner,
GREENWOOD—M. M. Appleman, Jackson Robbins.
JACKSON—Joshua Savage.
LOCUST—Jacob I. Stine.
MAIN—D. S. Brown.
MADISON—John A. Dilding, John M. Smith.
MIFFLIN—Aaron Andreas.
MT. PLEASANT—Frank Davis.
ORANGE—H. C. Bowman, Aaron Patterson.
PINE—S. J. Eckman. A. J. Lyons.
SCOTT—Boyd Henry, Martin Savage.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

The following is a list of traverse jurors drawn for September term of court.

*First Week.*

BENTON—W. L. Cole, W. S. Laubach.
BERWICK—C. C. Long, Stephen Vanhouten, John Reedy.
BLOOM—Lloyd Fox, William H. Housel, John Klinger, L. D. Kase, Henry Ohl, B. F. Savitts, Wm. Wolf, Alfred Hower.
CATAWISSA—Lloyd Berger, H. J. Strouse. Charles Sharpless.
CENTRALIA—John O'Donnell, James Reilly.
CONYNGHAM—L. W. Sanger,
FISHINGCREEK—William J. Smith.
GREENWOOD—C. B. Johnson.
JACKSON—Henry Hagenbuch.
LOCUST—Adam Clayberger, Lawson H. Lee.
MIFFLIN—Freeman Smoyer.
MONTOUR—Daniel Fry.
ORANGE—David Grover, Abner Welsch.
SCOTT—William Englehart, John Grett, Stephen Pettit, Stephen Pohe, C. C. Tremley, David Whitmire.
SUGARLOAF—Hanford Cole, James W. Pennington.

*Second Week*

BENTON—James Conner, John C. Wenner.
BERWICK—Harvey Bower, James McMichael, Emanuel Roup.
BLOOM—George Aurandt, T. M. Dawson, C. S. Forwald, Peter E. Knapp, Daniel Miller.
BRIARCREEK—A. B. Croop, Abraham Lockard.
CATAWISSA—M. V. B. Kline, Albert Kline.
CENTRALIA—Patrick Curran, Joseph H. Davis.
CENTRE—David Hayman, J. Wilson Miller.
CONYNGHAM—John L. Kline.
FISHINGCREEK—Jacob Geisinger, E. M. Laubach, Francis Welsch.
GREENWOOD—J. W. Lore.
HEMLOCK—Edward Ivey.
JACKSON—William Brink, Geo. Hirleman Sr.
LOCUST—Washington George.
MADISON—Robert Johnson.
MIFFLIN—Horace Creasy.
MT. PLEASANT—William Kitchen.
MONTOUR—Peter A. Evans.
SCOTT—Lewis Lee, Greely Sneidman, Daniel Wirtman, B. G. Wappies.
SUGARLOAF—David Kocher.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, Sept. 17, 1888.

There is no question about the "Wanamaker" Brussels. It is made to our order, backed with our name. We knew every kink and turn of all the famous brands of Brussels before the "Wanamaker" was christened. It takes a back seat to none of them. $1.25 a yard.

We have made an extra push this season for good quality Carpets at the least possible price. In Brussels there are three sorts besides the Wanamaker that will make a stir. Prices 10 per cent less than such goods are offered at anywhere else:

1—a $1.25 Brussels for $1.10
2—a $1.15 Brussels for $1.00
3—a $1.00 Brussels for 90c

Only a trifle more than usual Tapestry prices!

We mean to meet every want in Brussels Carpets so perfectly that no buyer will feel like hesitating.

The price dip runs into other sorts. We have a new quality Wilton Velvet, smooth, even surface, well printed, at $1. An unexampled price for the grade.

Tapestry too. A Brusselsy look; good share of Brussels goodness. *A new line at 45c.* The like hasn't been heard of.

Just a nudge from some of the medium priced Carpets. There are stacks and stacks of the most luxurious floor covering as well.

*A 36 inch good weight mixed Tricot at 25c!* We sold one but a trifle better at 50c last season. These are new goods, without fault.

black mixed, two styles
dark and medium gray mixed
dark and medium brown mixed

They will be one of the sensations of the season.

Another. *50 inch Plaid Habit Cloth, 50c!* A quality we never sold before under 75c. A good, substantial, well looking stuff. Think of it! Material for a stylish dress for $3! Among the colorings:

stone and black
navy and black
navy and olive
two shades brown
two shades gray

Yardsticks will be galloping here sure enough.

Plenty more of the new dress things are coming in with prices ground to a point.

By odds the best bargain in Blankets now is the 6-pound All-Wool at $4 a pair. You'll hear of other $4 Blankets about town, maybe. Carry them in your mind's eye when you come here. Coarser, thinner, meaner in every way. *We doubt if there is a $6 Blanket elsewhere within your reach that is better than ours for $4.* We couldn't go into the market to-day and buy these Blankets to sell at $4. They were got so that $4 is a fair price. That settles it. There they shall stay for the little time they'll last, no matter how much Blanket prices go up. 72x84 inches; $5 last season, and a marvel of cheapness then.

What we have done with the $4 Blanket we are trying to do with all, commonest to finest.

No thrifty housekeeper can afford to skip the corner where Blankets are.

We are in shape to promptly fit up Campaign Clubs of any faith or any size and at moderate cost. Caps, Hats, Helmets, Torches, Capes, Leggins, and all the little frills and fol-de-rols. Come or ask by letter for estimates.

The seventh volume of BOOK NEWS begins with the September number. Its prospects were never brighter: encouragement from all quarters. Better, still better, is its motto, winnowing the golden grain from the chaff of all that is new in the book world. 50 cents a year. Send for sample copy.

Send your address for "Housekeeping Art."

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Buy Lester's School Shoes.
Every pair warranted.

## LOCAL NOTICES.

Go to C. C. Marr's for dress goods, at low prices.

McKillip

BLOOMSBURG.

Fine Cabinet portraits only $3. doz. Life size Crayons only $10.00. Viewing, copying and enlarging. Instant process used. tf.

Violins and accordeons away down at the New York Variety store opposite St. Elmo Hotel.

NOTICE.—We sell heavy woolen underwear, white or red, ladies' and gents', 50 per cent cheaper than anywhere, at the New York Variety Store, opposite St. Elmo hotel.

New fall styles of hats and bonnets just received at Mrs. R. A. Snyder's millinery store.

I. W. Hartman & Sons are doing a large dress goods trade already in their new department. Call and see the cloths, the henriettas, the new shades in all the new goods.

Oak Leaf soap beats all 5c. cakes. Sold by C. C. Marr.

Now is the time to get your Fall and Winter suit of clothing or Spring and Fall Overcoat at G. W. Bertsch's the Merchant Tailor. Just received a full and complete line from the city. A perfect fit always guaranteed or no sale.

Elegant new black Henrietta cloths from 75c to $1.25. Also an elegant line of fancy weave black dress goods. H. W. SLOAN.

Columbia county fair promises to be this year the largest ever held. Don't forget I. W. Hartman & Sons' improved store. Additional light, finer goods, larger stock, an extra room for ladies' misses' and children's coats.

Miss Shook, trimmer for Mrs. F. K. Marsh, will return from New York about the 26th or 27th with a line of fall novelties. A fine lot of trimmed hats and bonnets.

Coats, wraps, jackets, newmarkets, raglans, mojeskas and children's coats at Clark & Son's.

New all wool striped skirts from 1.25 up to the finest at 2.25. H. W. SLOAN.

G. W. Bertsch just received his new and nobby line of Neck Ties; also his latest styles in hats and caps, all the latest styles. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere.

Full lines of dress trimmings now open at Clark & Son's.

Plenty of red flannels, canton flannels, ginghams, prints, and tickings just received at H. W. SLOAN'S.

People will come from far and near this season to buy coats of I. W. Hartman & Sons'. They have striped, plaid and plain ones to fit all.

40 in. all wool colored henriettas only 45c yd. at Clark & Son's.

U. C. Marr will pay cash for one can of nice lard.

Have you seen the $1.50 pants at the New York Variety Store, opposite St. Elmo.

Colored Henrietta cloths from 40c. up at H. W. SLOAN'S.

When you want to get your moneys' worth buy your boots and shoes at Dentler's.

When you come to the fair bring your dried fruit and buy a beautiful set of fine dishes at I. W. Hartman & Sons'.

Bargains in flannels of all kinds. The best 25c red flannel sold. Call and see. Clark & Son.

A full and complete line of Collars and Cuffs just received at G. W. Bertsch's, all the very latest styles.

Call and see the 50c shirts at the New York Variety Store.

Wool and cotton carpet chain at C. C. Marr's.

Gents Furnishing Goods all of the latest designs can be had at G. W. Bertsch's Merchant Tailoring Establishment. Call and see them.

C. C. Marr wants butter, eggs, lard, chickens and potatoes.

For dress goods of any kind go to Clark & Son's.

Piles of woosted remnants for making comforts at H. W. SLOAN'S.

Still a few pairs of those cheap shoes left on Dentler's bargain counter.

New dress goods, all kinds serges, henriettas, broadcloths, striped plaids, habit cloths &c. at exceedingly low prices at Clark & Son's.

F. D. Dentler's is the place to get the celebrated W. L. Douglass $3 shoe.

Shawls of all kinds now open at exceedingly low prices. Clark & Son.

A full line of trunks and valises at Dentler's and all at bottom prices.

F. D. Dentler is not closing out but has just received the largest and best stock of boots and shoes ever brought to Columbia county.

Call and see the handsome line of new lamps and low prices at Clark & Son's.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S CROWN.

The crown of Queen Victoria consists of diamonds, pearls, rubies, sapphires and emeralds, set in silver and gold. Its gross weight is 39 oz 5 dwt. troy. The number of diamonds are 3,352; pearls, 273; rubies, 9; sapphires, 17; emeralds, 11. It is an old saying—Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown. It is better to wear the crown of perfect health and peace of mind through the curative effects of Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. For sale by C. B. Robbins, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THE POPULATION OF BLOOMSBURG is about 5,000, and we would say at least one-half are troubled with some affection of the throat and lungs as those complaints are, according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all not to neglect the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs. Price 50c. and $1. Trial size free. Sold by all druggists.

Thos. Burns, of Nicetown, writes.—After most horribly suffering from blood poisoning, pains at times being unbearable, had to give up work, was under care of hospital surgeons without benefit, but was completely cured by Dr. Theel, 538 North Fourth street, Philadelphia. Sufferers, no matter who has failed, do not despair, go consult Dr. Thiel, I am sure he will cure you.

FRANK HAYDERSON, of Beverly, N. J., writes.—I suffered ten years with nervous Debility and Constitutional weakness, during that time have consulted physicians of all schools, paying large fees without benefit. In 1886 I consulted Dr. Theel, 538 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, after thorough examination he pronounced me curable. Although at the time having little faith in Doctors from past experience, I placed myself under his care, and am happy to say he has restored me to sound physical health. Knowing Dr. Theel as I do, I hesitate not in advising all sufferers no matter what their experience has been to consult him, as they can put full confidence in his skill and integrity.

TO PRESERVE NATURAL FLOWERS.—Dip the flowers in melted paraffine, withdrawing them quickly. The liquid should be only just hot enough to maintain its fluidity and the flowers should be dipped one at a time, held by the stocks and moved about for an instant to get rid of air bubbles. Fresh cut flowers, free from moisture, make excellent specimens in this way. If you would preserve your health and invigorate your entire system use Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. For sale by C. B. Robbins, Bloomsburg, Pa. [eow.

Dr. Theel, Philadelphias renowned specialist for nervous debility, blood poisons, kidney and special diseases has cured more cases than all others combined. He has cured cases pronounced incurable by leading physicians. We would advise those suffering to consult him personally or by letter at his office, 538 North Fourth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

### Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. may-4 1y.

THE HOMLIEST MAN IN BLOOMSBURG as well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely

### Wit and Humor.

The fathers of families who must work for a living represent the papa labor of the world.

When a cat gives an entertainment from the top of a wall it isn,t the cat we object to, it's the waul.

If most people only knew as much as they think they know they wouldn't talk so much about it.

It must be terrible hard work to hold office, so many occupants are obliged to go away for needed rest.

Now is the time of the year when the much suffering small boy gets shingled by the barber and his mother too.

There is only the difference of an "s" between woman's weakness and man's weakness. One is gossip and the other go sip.

Some people who attempt to regulate the morals of the people cannot look at an approaching policemen without a shudder.

You can tell when a dog is warm the same as you can tell a dude when you meet him on the street—by his loud pants.

Judging from the number of counterfeiters arrested lately, the Italian immigrant seems to think this a great country to make money in.

Unmarried lady.—It must be a great thing when husband and wife are of one mind. Married lady.—That depends on whose mind it is.

"I notice you never try to shine in conversation, Bromley." "Well, no. Fact is, Darringer, it keeps me busy trying to conceal my ignorance."

People who keep summer boarding houses are begining to wonder by this whether city people really eat that way all year round."

What's that? A woman can't keep a secret? Just try to find out the age of one of the dear creatures and let us know how you come out.

Alberto—O, darling, I love you; listen to my prayer. Elsie—Your chances are better if you'll go to the piano and sing the latest song. I hate preaching.

"So this is Castle Garden?" were his first words as he landed. "Well, I suppose the next thing in order is to blow up the police!"

Ethel—Papa says the money market is unsteady. Edith—Why, Uncle George said this evening that money was tight. Ethel—Well, that's what makes it unsteady.

"See here, Brown, you took that umbrella from my office and I want it." "I know I did, but this umbrella belongs to Smith." "What if it does? I stole it first."

Mrs. Parshley (as the boat pitches a trifle)—How delightful this little swell is, Mr. Parshley? Young Brookelsby (complacently)—I always try to be entertaining, Mrs. Parshley.

A fashion writer tells us that puffs are quite the proper thing in female attire this season. It is noticed that actresses continue to come to newspapers for them as heretofore.

She (at Manhattan Beach)—What is that the orchestra is playing, Mr. Sampson? He—Mendelssolin's "Wedding March." She—O, is it? I have so often longed to hear it.

An Atchison lady was asked what she thought would be the first thing women would do if they had the making of the laws, "Limit the number of lodge meetings," was the reply.

"Pa, what's an anomaly?" asked Bobby, looking up from his book. "That the American eagle is baldheaded, yet there are no flies on him." replied pa, viciously slapping his shining pate.

"Now, John," said his wife as she was about starting for the country, "be careful about drinking ice-water." "Maria," he responded reassuringly but unthinkingly, I won't drink a drop of water while you're gone."

Mrs. Smith (engaging servant)—Can you write? Servant—Yes, ma'am, Mrs Smith—Well, here is a card; write my name on it. (Servant writes "Mrs. A. B. Smythe.") Mrs. Smith (looking at it)—You are engaged.

The watering place letter that has a receipted hotel bill written into its body for publication is somewhat sickening, and cannot be regarded as reliable when speaking of rooms and board in glowing terms.

At the seaside: Dorothy—But, Herman, I can't answer you now. I—I—give me time to think before I reply. Herman (with rapturous passion)—Certainly, my own angel. But don't make it too long, because it costs me $5 a day at this beastly hotel.

Wife (at breakfast)—I took special pains with the breakfast this morning, John. Is everything all right? Husband—Well—er—er—the coffee is a little too hot. Wife—I am glad of it for your sake, dear. You wouldn't be happy if you weren't a little bit dissatisfied.

Prospective son-in-law—Modern custom justifies me in asking you how much you are going to give your daughter in case we marry? Prospective father-in-law—Yes, and modern custom justifies me in asking you how many of your debts you expect to pay with my money.

### The Preacher was Amazed

He was an old man, attired in sober black, and had come on to attend the Presbyterian convention. His blue badge waved gently in the wind, and he has been down to the academy to hear the speeches and take part in the debate. On his way up he stopped in a popular cafe with the intention of purchasing a good cigar. After considerable delay a cigar was selected through the joint efforts of the reverend gentleman and the attendant at the cigar-stand. He lighted it and asked its price. It was a quarter. Was there ever such a price paid for a cigar before? He thought not, and began to expostulate vigorously against the extortion.

In the meantime, a prominent lawyer who had been standing near by taking in the whole scene, approached the cigar-stand and in a quiet voice remarked to the attendant, "Robert give me a cigar—one of the usual kind," at the same time drawing from his pocket a $5 bill. The clerk, who knew the joke, passed out the cigar, took the bill, which he placed in the cash drawer and turned away.

The country clergyman was dumbfounded. He left the place without a word, and the odds are about ninety to one that some quiet village will be electrified in the near future by a powerful sermon on the extravagances of city life. After his departure, the lawyer returned and got his change—$4.85—*Philadelphia Times.*

### The Planets in September.

WHAT MAY BE SEEN IN THE HEAVENS DURING THE PRESENT MONTH.

Mercury is evening star, and as he speeds on his eastward course he will overtake Venus, who is also traveling eastward from the sun, but at a slower pace. The two planets will be in conjunction on the 18th at 10 p. m. The swift-footed planet will next encounter Uranus moving westward. The planets will be in conjunction on the 10th at noonday. On the 22d he will be in conjunction with Spica at 2 p. m. Mercury is in the constellation Leo. He will set to-morrow at 6:38 p. m. On the 30th he will set at 6:09 p. m.

Venus is evening star, and before the month closes will set more than an hour after the sun. Observers will find her in the west, south of the sunset point and visible soon after the sun has gone down. She will make a close conjunction with Uranus on the 19th at 3 p. m. Venus is in the constellation Virgo. She will set to-morrow at 6:52 p. m. On the 30th she will set at 6:17 p. m.

Mars is evening star, but he is so far away and so near the horizon that he looks like an insignificent star in contrast with his ruddy glow at his opposition in April. He will meet and pass Jupiter on 11th. Mars is in constellation Libra. He will set to-morrow at 9:08 p. m. On the 30th he will set at 8:20 p. m.

Jupiter is evening star, and will stand once more at the head of the list of the plnets' brotherhood in September. It is, however, his last appearance, for, though almost a son himself, he will soon draw so near the far more powerful central sun as to be entirely eclipsed in his beams.

Mars will overtake and pass Jupiter on the 11th at 9 a. m. On the 22d, at 8 p. m., Jupiter will be in conjunction with Beta Scorpii, being twenty-eight degrees south. This makes the third time that the planet has passed the same star during the year, but he will not return to his near vicinity until twelve years have passed. Jupiter is in the constellation Scorpio. On the 20th he will set at 7:53 p. m.

Saturn is morning star, and will enjoy the honor of being the only planet visible in the morning sky.

Uranus is evening star. He will be the planet nearest to the sun, among the evening stars at the close of the month, for Mercury and Venus will have passed east of him during its progress. Uranus is in the constellation Virgo. On the 30th he will set at 5:48 p. m.

Neptune is morning star. He is in the constellation Taurus. On the 30th he will rise at 7:53 p. m.

Uranus, Mercury, Venus, Jupiter and Mars will be evening stars at the close of the month. Saturn and Neptune will be morning stars.

### Blaine's Estimate of Judge Thurman.

From "Twenty Years in Congress."

His rank in the Senate was established from the day he took his seat, and was never lowered during the period of his service. He was an admirably disciplined debator, was fair in his method of statement, logical in his argument, honest in his conclusions. He had no tricks in discussion, no catch phrases to secure attention, but was always direct and manly. His retirement from the Senate was a serious loss to his party—a loss indeed to the body. He left behind him the respect of all with whom he had been associated during his twelve years of honorable service.

The healing and soothing properties of Pond's Extract have met with universal and unqualified commendation from all using it. Ladies who have never used it will find it to their advantage to try it. If they once do so they will never be without it again. Send to Pond's Extract Co., 76 Fifth Avenue New York, for a copy of their pamphlet.

### Not so Favorable.

Deacon Williams.—"Brudder Jones, how did yer son come oten de trial?"

Brother Jones.—"De jidge done give im two munfs in the jayul."

Deacon Williams.—"'Pears ter me like as if you oughter be pow'ful thankful. He go got off mighty light, he did."

Brother Jones.—"'Twarn't a' light's you seem ter think. Dey's a-gwinter hang 'im when de two munfs is up."—[Editor's Drawer, in Harper's Magazine for September.

KNEW WHAT IT WAS TO FAST.—"Wonderful, isn' it, how people can go for days and days without food? I've just been reading about a man out West who hasn't touched food for two months."

"Nothing remarkable about that."

"You think so?"

"Certainly, I do. I lived in a boarding-house in New York for two years myself."

WARNER'S LOG CABIN REMEDIES.—"Sarsaparilla," "Cough and Consumption Remedy," "Hops and Buchu," "Extract," "Hair Tonic," "Liver Pills," "Plasters," (Porous Electrical),—"Rose Cream," for Catarrh. They are, like Warner's "Tippecanoe," the simple, effective remedies of the old Log Cabin days.

The honey season in the United States and Canada proves to be nearer to a failure of any season in some time, except last year. Throughout the whole country the nights have been cool, which is unfavorable to the secretion of nectar, while at the West the drought of last year killed the white clover so that no crop could have been secured there, had the weather been ever so favorable.

Best Pianos! Lowest Prices!!

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aug 16-1-4t.

LADIES Enamel your Ranges twice a year, tops once a week and you have the finest-polished stove in the world. For sale by all Grocers and Stove Dealers.

Moyer Brothers Jobbing Agents, Bloomsburg, Pa. aug. 24 '88-3-m.

WHAT AILS YOU?

Do you feel dull, languid, low-spirited, lifeless, and indescribably miserable, both physically and mentally; experience a sense of fullness or bloating after eating, or of "goneness," or emptiness of stomach in the morning, tongue coated, bitter or bad taste in mouth, irregular appetite, dizziness, frequent headaches, blurred eyesight, "floating specks" before the eyes, nervous prostration or exhaustion, irritability of temper, hot flushes, alternating with chilly sensations, sharp, biting, transient pains here and there, cold feet, drowsiness after meals, wakefulness, or disturbed and unrefreshing sleep, constant, indescribable feeling of dread, or of impending calamity?

If you have all, or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from that most common of American maladies—Bilious Dyspepsia, or Torpid Liver, associated with Dyspepsia, or Indigestion. The more complicated your disease has become, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. No matter what stage it has reached, **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery** will subdue it, if taken according to directions for a reasonable length of time. If not cured, complications multiply and Consumption of the Lungs, Skin Diseases, Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, or other grave maladies are quite liable to set in and, sooner or later, induce a fatal termination.

**Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery** acts powerfully upon the Liver, and through that great blood-purifying organ, cleanses the system of all blood-taints and impurities, from whatever cause arising. It is equally efficacious in acting upon the Kidneys, and other excretory organs, cleansing, strengthening, and healing their diseases. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it promotes digestion and nutrition, thereby building up both flesh and strength. In malarial districts, this wonderful medicine has gained great celebrity in curing Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, and kindred diseases.

**Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery**

CURES ALL HUMORS,

from a common Blotch, or Eruption, to the worst Scrofula. Salt-rheum, "Fever-sores," Scaly or Rough Skin, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine. Great Eating Ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influence. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing Tetter, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Hip-joint Disease, "White Swellings," Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands. Send ten cents in stamps for a large Treatise, with colored plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amount for a Treatise on Scrofulous Affections.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE." Thoroughly cleanse it by using **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery**, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength and bodily health will be established.

CONSUMPTION,

which is **Scrofula of the Lungs**, is arrested and cured by this remedy, if taken in the earlier stages of the disease. From its marvelous power over this terribly fatal disease, when first offering this now world-famed remedy to the public, Dr. Pierce thought seriously of calling it his "CONSUMPTION CURE," but abandoned that name as too restrictive for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious, pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled, not only as a remedy for Consumption, but for **all Chronic Diseases of the**

Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Severe Coughs, and kindred affections, it is an efficient remedy.

Sold by Druggists, at $1.00, or Six Bottles for $5.00.

Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. Address,

World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

She Tried and Knows.

A leading chemist of New York says: "No plasters of such merit as the Ath-lo-pho-ros Plasters have ever before been produced." They are a novelty because they are not made simply to sell cheap, they are the best that science, skill and money can produce, and will do what is claimed for them. For sprains, aches, weakness, lameness, etc., they are unequaled.

Sandusky, O., Nov. 11, '87. The Athlophoros Plaster acted like magic. It is the best I ever tried and I have used many kinds. Our druggist said "plasters are all alike the same" but I don't think so now. I sprained my arm and shoulder in July, and it has been painful since, but it does not pain me at all now. MRS. WILLIS MAUTZ.

Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N. Y.

### RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

| STATIONS. | P M | P M | NORTH. A. M. | A. M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| NORTHUMBERLAND | 5 40 | 1 35 | 10 10 | 6 15 |
| Cameron | 5 55 | ..... | 10 25 | 6 30 |
| Chulasky | 6 00 | ..... | 10 29 | 6 34 |
| Danville | 6 08 | 1 58 | 10 36 | 6 40 |
| Catawissa | 6 25 | 2 14 | 10 53 | 6 58 |
| Rupert | 6 30 | 2 19 | 11 00 | 7 05 |
| Bloomsburg | 6 36 | 2 24 | 11 07 | 7 12 |
| Espy | 6 42 | 2 29 | 11 15 | 7 20 |
| Lime Ridge | 6 50 | ..... | 11 22 | 7 27 |
| Willow Grove | 6 54 | ..... | 11 26 | 7 31 |
| Briarcreek | 6 58 | ..... | 11 30 | 7 35 |
| Berwick | 7 05 | 2 48 | 11 37 | 7 43 |
| Beach Haven | 7 11 | 2 54 | 11 44 | 7 49 |
| Hick's Ferry | 7 18 | 2 59 | 11 48 | 7 55 |
| Shickshinny | 7 20 | 3 09 | 11 58 | 8 06 |
| Hunlock's | 7 43 | 3 19 | 12 08 | 8 17 |
| Nanticoke | 7 50 | 3 26 | 12 16 | 8 29 |
| Avondale | 7 54 | ..... | 12 20 | 8 33 |
| Plymouth | 7 59 | 3 35 | 12 25 | 8 33 |
| Plymouth Junction | 8 03 | 3 39 | 12 30 | 8 38 |
| Kingston | 8 06 | 3 43 | 12 37 | 8 45 |
| Bennett | 8 12 | ..... | 12 41 | 8 49 |
| Maltby | 8 17 | ..... | 12 45 | 8 53 |
| Wyoming | 8 22 | 3 52 | 12 50 | 8 58 |
| West Pittston | 8 27 | 3 56 | 12 55 | 9 03 |
| Pittston | 8 33 | 4 01 | 1 03 | 9 09 |
| Lackawanna | 8 40 | ..... | 1 11 | 9 17 |
| Taylorville | 8 48 | ..... | 1 19 | 9 25 |
| Bellevue | 8 54 | ..... | 1 25 | 9 30 |
| SCRANTON | 9 00 | 4 22 | 1 30 | 9 35 |
| | P M | P M | P M | A M |

| STATIONS. | A M | A M | SOUTH. P M | P M |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SCRANTON | 6 10 | 9 50 | 2 05 | 6 20 |
| Bellevue | 6 15 | 9 55 | ..... | 6 25 |
| Taylorville | 6 20 | 10 00 | 2 14 | 6 30 |
| Lackawanna | 6 28 | 10 08 | 2 21 | 6 37 |
| Pittston | 6 36 | 10 16 | 2 28 | 6 45 |
| West Pittston | 6 42 | 10 22 | 2 34 | 6 50 |
| Wyoming | 6 47 | 10 27 | 2 39 | 6 55 |
| Maltby | 6 51 | 10 30 | ..... | 6 59 |
| Bennett | 6 55 | 10 34 | 2 47 | 7 03 |
| Kingston | 6 58 | 10 38 | 2 50 | 7 07 |
| Plymouth Junction | 7 05 | 10 42 | 2 54 | 7 13 |
| Plymouth | 7 10 | 10 47 | 2 59 | 7 16 |
| Avondale | 7 14 | 10 51 | 3 03 | 7 21 |
| Nanticoke | 7 19 | 10 55 | 3 06 | 7 25 |
| Hunlock's | 7 26 | 11 09 | 3 19 | 7 43 |
| Shickshinny | 7 47 | 11 12 | 3 29 | 7 58 |
| Hick's Ferry | 7 55 | 11 22 | 3 39 | 8 07 |
| Beach Haven | 8 01 | 11 28 | 3 45 | 8 13 |
| Berwick | 8 07 | 11 37 | 3 51 | 8 20 |
| Briarcreek | 8 13 | ..... | 3 57 | 8 27 |
| Willow Grove | 8 16 | 11 48 | 4 01 | 8 31 |
| Lime Ridge | 8 20 | 11 52 | 4 05 | 8 35 |
| Espy | 8 26 | 11 59 | 4 12 | 8 41 |
| Bloomsburg | 8 32 | 12 05 | 4 18 | 8 47 |
| Rupert | 8 37 | 12 10 | 4 24 | 8 52 |
| Catawissa | 8 42 | 12 15 | 4 29 | 8 57 |
| Danville | 8 57 | 12 30 | 4 46 | 9 15 |
| Chulasky | 9 03 | ..... | 4 54 | 9 23 |
| Cameron | 9 07 | 12 40 | 5 00 | 9 28 |
| NORTHUMBERLAND | 9 22 | 12 55 | 5 15 | 9 45 |
| | A M | P M | P M | P M |

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

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Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect AUG. 5, 1888. Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 5.50 p. m.; Baltimore, 4.45 p. m.; Washington 5.55 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.48 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 8.00 p. m. Buffet Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.45 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.10 a. m. Baltimore, 5.15 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m.; Pullman sleeping car from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

9.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York, 7.10 a. m.; Baltimore 5.15 a. m.; Washington, 6.30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

2.35—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

12.52 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Buffet Parlor car to Watkins

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.30 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.30 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 8.55, a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday) arrive at Sunbury, 12.52 p. m. with through Buffet Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.25 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily) arrive at Sunbury 5.10 a. m. with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 9.55 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.46 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.15 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.26 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.55 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.30 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 11.46 a. m., Sunbury 12.35 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.55 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.19 p. m., Sunbury 5.10p.m

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.16 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.45 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.39 p. m., Sunbury, 7.30 p. m.

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SPECIAL DISEASES AND BLOOD POISON,

OBSTINATE ULCERS, BLOTCHES, ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, SWELLINGS, INFLAMMATION, Lost Vitality Early Decay, Physical and Mental Prostration, Melancholia, Bladder and Kidney Diseases. (Acute cases in 5-10 days) Relief at once MY METOHD combining the Allopathic, Homeopathic Eclectic & Botanic systems of medicine, the only one known that cures Permanently in the worst cases. Largest Hospital and Private Practical Experience with every remedy and newest appliance for quickest recovery and permanent cure. The most dangerous cases solicited. Young, middle-aged and old men write or call for book Truths opening frauds, their schemes to victimize exposed. Diseases are disappointed by quacks, their advertising and drug extravagancies as well as those claiming to do as we cure, experiences which they do not possess. Best skill in the beginning will save money, suffering and delay. Hours 8-4 & 6-8 Wednesday and Saturday Evenings, 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 to 1.

August 17 '88 1y.

A Mere Trifle.—Mamma. "What's the matter, precious? Mabel, you naughty child, what have you been doing to your poor little sister?"

Mabel (virtuously and defiantly). "Nothing!"

Mamma. "You have! I know you have!"

Mabel. "I only told her she's got to die some day, and she says she won't.

### The Transportation of Petroleum.

To what extent is the competition of Russia to affect the sale of American petroleum in Europe? It has already nearly driven it from the Austrian empire, though the effect is not yet very apparent in western Europe. The transportation of petroleum on the Mediterranean in summer presents dangers that render it almost impossible. When the temperature of the air about the vessel has reached a certain point the volatile elements of the oil escape and form a sort of element about it so combustible that it is impossible even to light a match without its taking fire. Life on a steamer under these conditions becomes horrible. In the summer of 1885 a steamer bound from Batoum to England went the whole distance from the Dardanelles to Gibraltar after the point of inflammability had been passed. The fires under the engines had to be extinguished and she went under sail. It was impossible to have a fire even in the galley. The sufferings of the officers and crew during this period can hardly be conceived. Perfect safety was not obtained till the cargo was removed in an English port.

The question of Russian competition really depends on the permanent supply of oil from the Baku wells, and there are doubts even among the engineers of the Russian companies upon the subject. It is thought that oil will be found elsewhere in the Caucasus. There are deposits under the Caspian, as shown by oil on the surface and in some of the islands also in Turkestan. It remains to be shown to what extent these resources will prove available.

### Dr. Gale on Diseases of the Kidneys.

Dr. Gale observes in his treatise on disease that the great use of wine in France is supposed to have abated the prevalence of the gravel.

In some parts of this country where Speer's Port Grape Wine is principally used, not only the gout, but the gravel is scarcely known. Dr. La Pota relates as an extraordinary instance of the effects of Speers Port Wine on gout the cure of Dr. Daveran, who was attacked with it at the age of twenty-five, and had it severely till he was upwards of fifty, with chalk stones in the joints of his hands and feet, but for four years preceeding the time when his case had been given to Dr. La Pota to lay before the public had by advice used Speer's Port Grape Wine, and had no return of the gout afterwards. —*London Post.*

If you are expecting to set out an orchard this fall a good work can be done now in preparing the soil. If you do not intend to set out until spring now is a good time to try and have them arrive this fall and then heel in. Often a good opportunity is offered this month to haul out manure, and it will certainly pay to improve. There is no overstock of really good fruit. It is the poorer grades that have glutted the markets, so that there is no overproduction of the best.

### The New Colored Policeman.

An amusing occurance is reported from Philadelphia. A newly appointed colored policeman entered a street car. His uniform was spotless; his brass buttons shone brightly, and he carried himself with the air of a Spanish hidalgo. As he gazed around the car his glance fell upon an aged colored woman who was carrying home a great bag of clothes from the laundry. The recognition was mutual. "Why, foh de Lord!" she exclaimed joyously, "if dis aint Eli! Why, chile, I sca'sely knowed ye. How you have growed. Is de ole man at de almshouse yet, Eli?" There was no answer to her question. Eli had fled with an angry expression on his previously placid countenance.—*Chicago Herald.*

### Vigor and Vitality.

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